

高雄市正義中學國中部 110 學年度第一學期第三次定期考英語科試題(國三)

範圍：南一版 B5L5~Review 1 + 2000 字 U35~37 + 閱讀異想世界 3 p. 148~167 +

複習講義(EZ、主題)單元 7~9 + 14

命題教師：林怡秀

注意：請寫明班級、姓名、座號，並清楚畫記於答案卡上。手寫題請用黑筆書寫，
字跡潦草無法辨識，一律算錯；用鉛筆書寫者，不予批改。

說明：年級 3 班級代號 1 班：4；2 班：5；3 班：6 組別代號 4 科目代號 02

一、語法選擇 2% for each, 30%

- Andy: Is the girl glasses Mary?
Kevin: No, but the one a white coat is.
(A) with; with (B) with; in (C) in; with (D) in; in
- Roger likes to stay up late online game and with his friends every Saturday.
(A) to play; to chat (B) play; chatting (C) playing; chatting (D) playing; chat
- Harry is so nice a boy that he's never done anything makes his parents worried.
(A) that (B) which (C) whose (D) X
- The boy is my classmate, Joe.
(A) his father is a police officer (B) in a Nike backpack
(C) whom we talked (D) we met on the way home
- I know the woman and her dog on the chair.
(A) that are sitting (B) which sit (C) whose name is Lucky (D) sit
- For Mike, the price is important thing when he shops for jeans. He cares even more about the shape and the size of the jeans.
(A) the less (B) the more (C) the least (D) the most
- Kate has a pen pal in the USA, and she gets an e-mail in English twice a month.
(A) that is writing (B) which are written (C) writing (D) written
- At dinner time, I often enjoy telling Mom everything at school.
(A) that happened (B) happened (C) which happening (D) was happened
- The beautiful building over there is the Chimei Museum.
(A) where you can see (B) you can see
(C) who has a garden (D) in which you can see
- The apartment the Miles family is living is very big and comfortable.
(A) which (B) that (C) where (D) in where
- she I know Jack's telephone number because he changed a new one.
(A) Neither; nor (B) Both; and (C) Either; or (D) Neither; or
- Mount Jade is taller than .
(A) any other mountains in the world (B) all the other mountains in Taiwan
(C) all of the mountains in the world (D) all the mountains in Taiwan
- Bruce got a note from Holly. It says...

Please get lost. Leave me alone. I need time to myself now.

Bruce didn't understand what "get lost" meant in the note. He didn't get lost. He was home. He

looked it up in the dictionary and found more than one meaning. What does "get lost" mean here?

(A) To lose the way. (B) To stand there. (C) To go away. (D) To be lost.

14. Choose a correct sentence.

(A) Australia, which has been one of the hottest working holiday countries for years.
(B) The bag which with three dolls on it are mine. Would you mind bringing it for me?
(C) My father who works in a company in Taichung will come back home on the weekends.
(D) Is that girl with pink dress your cousin, Jody, that I talked about her last month?

15. Choose a correct sentence.

(A) Here are the books which I'm interested. I've read them many times.
(B) Do you know the boy's mother is a famous movie star?
(C) The dishes were made by my aunt were very delicious. She is really a good cook.
(D) The hotel they stayed at was near the airport. It's very convenient!

二、閱讀理解測驗 2% for each, 44%

Last week I had lunch with two friends at Grandma's Kitchen. We arrived there about 11 in the morning. I was surprised to find that it was popular that many people couldn't get a table although they arrived early. It was too crowded for us inside. Therefore, we waited outside for about 30 minutes, and we finally got a table.

After we sat down, the waiter came to take our order very quickly. We ordered a 12-inch pizza, two beef hamburgers, some fries, and three glasses of cola. We were so excited to find out that they gave free drink refills, means we only needed to order the drinks once, and then we could enjoy the cola as much as we want for FREE!

There were so many customers there that the restaurant became very noisy. It was so noisy that people had to talk even louder. , everyone seemed to feel quite comfortable and happy as they were enjoying their delicious meals. The waiters and waitresses served politely. We were very sure that we would come back to the restaurant again!

- (A) at (B) on (C) in (D) from
- (A) such (B) very (C) so (D) too
- (A) waiting (B) and wait (C) that we wait (D) to wait
- (A) who (B) which (C) that (D) whose
- (A) Still (B) No doubt (C) However (D) Gradually

(Patty and Jason are in a coffee shop.)

Patty: I heard that you the working holiday program. What's that?

Jason: The working holiday program is a plan can let you not only but also work to save your cost at the same time. So far as I know, the governments of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and Japan offer the chances.

Patty: It sounds pretty good. Who can apply to this program?

Jason: Most countries offer the chances to those age are between 18 and 30. But different countries have different rules.

(背有試題)

Patty: When did you join it?

Jason: Last year. Australia is one of my favorite countries, so I chose it.

Patty: Is there 25 you remember?

Jason: Yes. Animals there were very cute! Kangaroos and koalas in a wildlife park were so close to me that I could even touch them.

Patty: How cool! Maybe I should try to apply to the program.

21. (A) are joined	(B) joined	(C) will join	(D) are joining
22. (A) that	(B) who	(C) what	(D) X
23. (A) traveling	(B) travel	(C) traveled	(D) travels
24. (A) which	(B) whom	(C) whose	(D) who
25. (A) what special	(B) anything which special	(C) special anything	(D) anything special

A study shows that: 94% of Taiwanese eat at least one snack every day. Snacking is more popular than ever. Some people believe snacks are healthy while others think they can be bad for your health. If you fall in love with snacks, you should be worried about your health. However, a healthy snack can give you nutrition. From this, to choose a healthy snack is very important for us.

Fruit, yogurt, cheese, boiled eggs, and nuts are examples of healthy snacks. It's best to eat snacks about 200 calories to help you stay full until your next meal. You had better get out of the way of processed and high-sugar snacks like chips, candy, or cakes. They may give you energy, but you'll probably feel hungrier an hour or two later.

You also need to know when to snack. When there is a long time between two meals, and you are really hungry, a healthy snack between meals can be a good idea. For example, if your lunch is at 1 p.m., but you won't get home in time to have dinner before 8 p.m., have a healthy snack around 4 or 5 p.m. If you have right snacks, snacking can be a healthy habit and may help you control your weight.

 nutrition 营养 nut 坚果 calorie 卡路里

26. Which one is NOT processed food in the reading?

(A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 

27. What can we know from the reading?

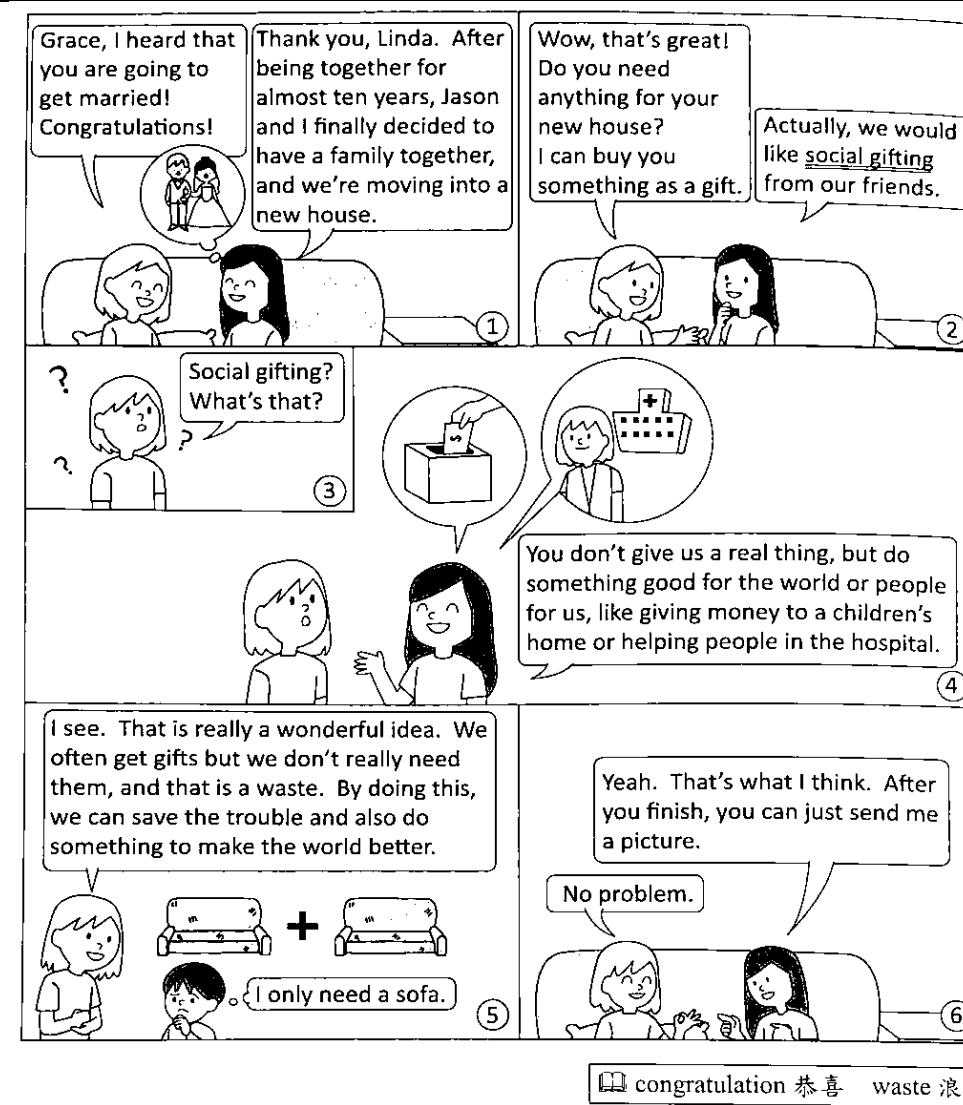
(A) Choosing good snacks is important.
(C) You can enjoy your snacks after meal.

(B) It is important to eat snacks.
(D) There are no good snacks.

28. Which is the best title for the reading?

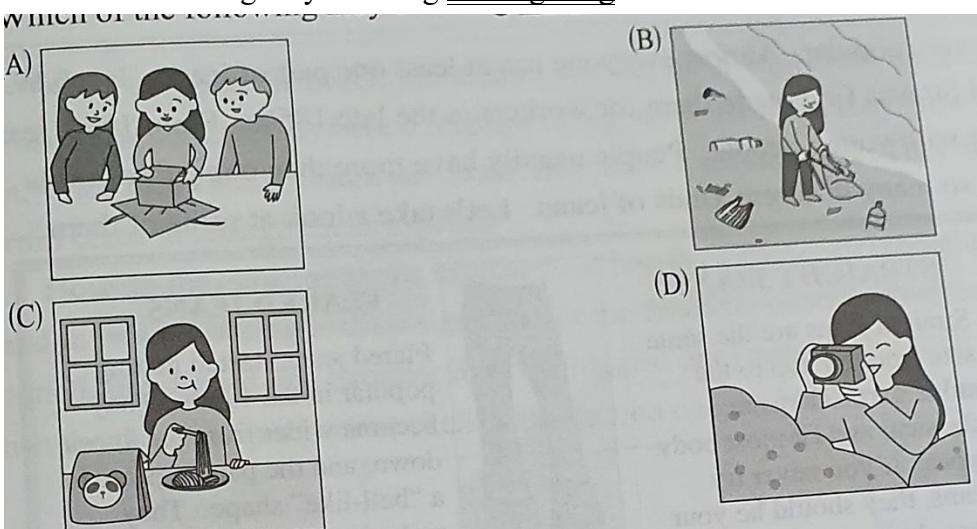
(A) *Why Are We all Wrong about Snack?*
(C) *Why Don't People Eat Snack?*

(B) *When Is the Best Time to Eat Snack?*
(D) *Is Snack Good or Bad?*



來源：翰林試務中心 模考題

29. Which of the following may be doing social gifting?



30. What can we know from the comics?

- (A) Grace started to date with Jason ten years ago.
- (B) Grace got many gifts from Jason but she didn't like them.
- (C) Linda already got married.
- (D) Linda's house is not big enough for all the gifts from friends.

31. Which does Linda think is a waste?

- (A) Billy drinks lots of drinks every day because it is very hot.
- (B) Joe spent over twenty thousand dollars on a new smartphone.
- (C) Jessie needed a new bike, and each of her family members bought one for her.
- (D) Julie bought one sofa and get one for free.

Once there was a rich man. He had two sons. He sent them to study abroad for many years in order to help them get more knowledge. The man was getting old and got very sick, so he wanted to choose one of his sons to take over his family property. He thought of a good idea.

He gave a room to each of them and asked them to fill the room with anything they want.

32. but there should be no space left and also they can't ask any advice from others.

The next day the man visited his elder son's room. The room was filled with crops. The man didn't really like the idea of his son. Then he went to the younger son's room. The room was closed. The man knocked at the door of the room. His little son asked his father 33. It was totally dark in the room. The man shouted at his son angrily. But his little son lit a candle and said 34. Now the rich man was very happy with his little son. He understood that the younger son would be able to take over his family property. He could make it more and more prosperous, even though they had difficult times.

35. Which one is the Tao?

- (A) Things would go well
- (B) It could be anything
- (C) A lot of things could be bought
- (D) They had to do it by themselves

- (A) to close all the windows in the house
- (B) to lend him some money
- (C) to get in and close the door again
- (D) to stand in front of the door

- (A) he filled this room with light
- (B) he worried about his health and business
- (C) he was angry to see the light in the room
- (D) he was happy with his little son

(素養題)

The Tao people, also known as the Yami people live on Orchid Island ("Lanyu" in Chinese), about 78 kilometers to the southeastern coast. They are thought to have come to Orchid Island about 1,000 years ago from the Batan Islands of northern Philippines. There are about 4,000 people live on the island.

Every year, when the Black Current comes to the East Coast, it brings rich fish for the Tao. That is why they believe that these fish are gifts from the Gods. From March to October, because flying fish can be easily caught, the Tao begin to celebrate the Flying Fish Festival.

There are three seasons during the festival. The first one is the flying fish opening season. Only the men wear loincloth, silver helmets, and gold pieces, and face the sea to pray for a rich

catch.

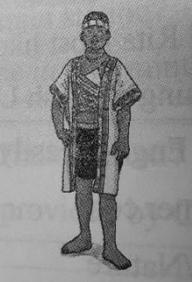
The second one is the flying fish season. Held around June or July, it is close to its end.

The third is the end of the flying fish season. They should finish catching flying fish, and dry flying fish. In this case, there will always be flying fish to eat in the future.

Outside the flying fish season, the Tao men cut trees and build houses and boats. Boats are made of wood and are painted red, white, and black. The boat usually has human figures, waves, and the red and black circles and sun rays.

 loincloth 纓腰布 helmet 頭盔 figure 體型 ray 放射狀線條

36. What does it mean in the reading?

- (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 

37. Which is true?

- (A) Flying fish are easily caught in Orchid Island all year round.
- (B) Only during the flying fish festival, the Tao make boats.
- (C) All people of the Tao can join in the flying fish festival.
- (D) The flying fish festival is a very important festival for the Tao.

(背有試題)

(別忘了手寫卷~)

三、文意字彙 1% for each , 10%

38. The b____ y across the street sells the best bread and cake in town.
39. Children are the happiest when they get red en____ s on Chinese New Year's Eve.
40. Do you know the r____ n why Lucas didn't come to school today?
41. In a square, you can get four 90-degree a____ es.
42. There is a lot of s____ e coming out from that building. I think it's on fire.
43. Everyone loves to light up the c____ e, singing and dancing around it.
44. The traffic is busy, so John is pr____ y on the way. Let's wait ten more minutes!
45. Don't use water now. It takes a moment to change the old p____ e into a new one.
46. More and more people use electric b____ ts in winter.
47. I was trying to ex____ how to use the smartphone to Grandpa because he had no idea.

四、依提示作答&翻譯 16%

48. The boy is interested in basketball. Jack is talking to the boy. (用關係詞合併句子) (2%)
49. They are the children. Their team won the match. (用關係詞合併句子) (1%)
50. 牛是紅綠色盲。(1%)
51. which / fresh. / the / bought / The / are / vegetables / from / supermarket / are (句子重組) (2%)
52. 在台灣，18 歲以下的人不被允許抽菸和喝酒。(2%)
53. 美國的學生和我在台灣認識的不同。(2%)
54. 這是我上周日從書店買回來的字典。(2%)
55. 我們記得所有 Ms. Lin 告訴過我們的話。(2%)
56. 有些動物天生具有這個星球上最令人驚奇的眼睛。(2%)

(試題結束)

高雄市正義中學國中部 110 學年度第一學期第三次定期考英語科答案卷(國三)

範圍：南一版 B5L5~Review 1 + 2000 字 U35~37 + 閱讀異想世界 3 p.148~167 +

複習講義(EZ、主題)單元 7~9 + 14

命題教師：林怡秀

Class		劃卡題分數 74%	
No.		手寫答案卷分數 26%	
Name		總分 100%	

注意：請寫明班級、姓名、座號，並清楚畫記於答案卡上。手寫題請用黑筆書寫，字跡潦草無法辨識，一律算錯；用鉛筆書寫者，不予批改。

注意 請用 0.5~0.7 的黑筆整齊書寫，用鉛筆或字跡潦草無法辨識者不予批改

三、文意字彙 1% for each , 10%

38.	39.	40.	41.	42.
43.	44.	45.	46.	47.

四、依提示作答&翻譯 16%

48. The boy is interested in basketball. Jack is talking to the boy. (用關係詞合併句子) (2%)

49. They are the children. Their team won the match. (用關係詞合併句子) (1%)

50. 牛是紅綠色盲。(1%)

51. which / fresh. / the / bought / The / are / vegetables / from / supermarket / are (句子重組)(2%)

52. 在台灣，18 歲以下的人不被允許抽菸和喝酒。(2%)

53. 美國的學生和我在台灣認識的不同。(2%)

54. 這是我上周日從書店買回來的字典。(2%)

55. 我們記得所有 Ms. Lin 告訴過我們的話。(2%)

56. 有些動物天生具有這個星球上最令人驚奇的眼睛。(2%)

高雄市正義中學國中部 110 學年度第一學期第三次定期考英語科答案卷(國三)

範圍：南一版 B5L5~Review 1 + 2000 字 U35~37 + 閱讀異想世界 3 p.148~167 +

複習講義(EZ、主題)單元 7~9 + 14

一、語法選擇 2% for each , 30%

1. B	2. C	3. A	4. D	5. A
6. C	7. D	8. A	9. B	10. C
11. A	12. B	13. C	14. A	15. D

二、閱讀理解測驗 2% for each , 44%

16. A	17. C	18. D	19. B	20. C
21. B	22. A	23. B	24. C	25. D
26. D	27. A	28. D	29. B	30. A
31. C	32. B	33. C	34. A	35. B
36. B	37. D			

三、文意字彙 1% for each , 10%

38. bakery	39. envelopes	40. reason	41. angles	42. smoke
43. campfire	44. probably	45. pipe	46. blankets	47. explain

四、依提示作答&翻譯 16%

48. The boy is interested in basketball. Jack is talking to the boy. (用關係詞合併句子) (2%)
The boy (who/whom) Jack is talking to is interested in basketball.

49. They are the children. Their team won the match. (用關係詞合併句子) (1%)
They are the children whose team won the match.

50. 牛是紅綠色盲。(1%)

Bulls are red-green color-blind.

51. which / fresh. / the / bought / The / are / vegetables / from / supermarket / are (句子重組)(2%)
The vegetables which are bought from the supermarket are fresh.

52. 在台灣，18 歲以下的人不被允許抽菸和喝酒。(2%)

In Taiwan, people/those who are under eighteen are not allowed to smoke and drink.

53. 美國的學生和我在台灣認識的不同。(2%)

The students in USA are (very) different from those in Taiwan.

54. 這是我上周日從書店買回來的字典。(2%)

This is the dictionary (that/which) I bought from the bookstore last Sunday.

55. 我們記得所有 Ms. Lin 告訴過我們的話。(2%)

We remember what/all that/ all which Ms. Lin told us.

56. 有些動物天生具有這個星球上最令人驚奇的眼睛。(2%)

Some animals are born with the most amazing eyes on the planet.