

12. The research team _____ the impact of air pollution on the human body and concluded that it had negatively influenced the normal function of people's lungs.
 (A) assessed (B) consulted (C) defaulted (D) oppressed

13. The snow-capped mountain is described so _____ in the book that the scene seems to come alive in front of the reader's eyes.
 (A) shortly (B) vividly (C) awfully (D) slightly

14. What is _____ milk? Just like evaporated milk, it is cow's milk that has had 60 percent of the water removed. The resulting liquid is thick, viscous and self-stable. It is used in numerous desert dishes in many countries.
 (A) condensed (B) transformed (C) immigrated (D) transplanted

15. The police initially believe this suspicious middle-aged man is the serial killer they are looking for, but all the collected evidence suggests _____.
 (A) crabwise (B) coastwise (C) likewise (D) otherwise

16. A euphemism is an agreeable expression that replaces an unpleasant or offensive word or phrase. For example, the euphemistic way of talking about someone's pregnancy is "_____.
 (A) hit the hay (B) kick the bucket
 (C) have a bun in the oven (D) cost an arm and a leg

17. I really did have every intention of sticking to my diet, but I _____ temptation when my colleague brought in mouth-watering donuts and chocolate cupcakes last Friday.
 (A) stood by (B) joined hands (C) laid off (D) succumbed to

18. Tom Sawyer's aunt trembled with fury when she accidentally found that this disobedient lad _____ his friends _____ whitewashing the residential fence for him.
 (A) fended/off (B) wheedled/into (C) disposed/of (D) mapped/out

19. Being caught for drunk driving, Robert decided to _____ his act by setting up a foundation and providing help for those families who are suffering from the car crashes because of drunken drivers.
 (A) soar up (B) turn up (C) speak up (D) clean up

20. Gavin promised his girlfriend that he would never be late again, and she decided to give him _____. In other words, she would believe what he said for the time being.
 (A) a grain of salt (B) a gallon of milk
 (C) the benefit of the doubt (D) a shoulder to cry on

II. 語法選擇 10% (共出 10 題，每題 1 分，共 10 分)

21. Kevin considers _____ totally unacceptable for the students _____ off in the middle of the lectures. He always forces them to wash faces to stay fully awake once again.
 (A) it/dozing (B) that/to doze (C) it/to doze (D) that/dozing

22. I did not turn in my test paper until I made sure I had left all the questions _____, which was my secret to the avoidance of unexpectedly careless mistakes.
 (A) completed (B) completing (C) complete (D) be completed

23. Poor Wesley has developed the symptoms of the flu, _____ a fever, a sore throat, and muscle aches. I hope he will be restored to robust health soon!
 (A) excluded (B) excluding (C) inclusive of (D) which including

24. In my class, there are more than twenty international students. One is a Thai, another is a Brazilian, and _____ is an Iranian. To facilitate mutual understanding, English functions as the only means of communication among them.
 (A) another (B) still another (C) others (D) the others

注意:請寫明班級、姓名、座號,並劃清楚於答案卡(卷)上。若因劃錯或劃記不清楚而導致讀卡失敗者,將扣平時成績 5 分。非選擇題請用黑色或藍色筆在「答案卷」上作答,切勿使用鉛筆,否則不予計分。遵守考場規則,違者依校規處置。61 題之後請寫在答案卷上面!!!

第一部分:單選題 (100%) Choose the BEST answer!

I. 文意字彙 20% (共出 20 題, 每題 1 分, 共 20 分)

1. The CEO of this fast-growing company has set a goal to develop the company into an international _____.
 (A) consultation (B) corporation (C) compensation (D) cooperation
2. The students were introduced to several ancient Greek and Roman structures in the classical _____ course.
 (A) architectural (B) magnificent (C) considerable (D) conventional
3. What _____ a marvelous life differs from person to person. Generally speaking, some strive for material comforts while others go on a quest for spiritual well-being.
 (A) discriminates (B) accumulates (C) constitutes (D) accelerates
4. Thanks to new technology and constant _____, new inventions will continue to appear, and the quality of various aspects of daily lives will improve accordingly.
 (A) banishment (B) cultivation (C) renovation (D) innovation
5. This reading passage is quite creative and thought-provoking. It contains a heartrending story narrated from a pangolin's _____.
 (A) invasion (B) offspring (C) perspective (D) presumption
6. Kevin was _____ upset that he had no alternative but to cancel the original excursion to the nearby seashore and stay home due to the continuous pouring rain.
 (A) slightly (B) formerly (C) deadly (D) liberally
7. In order to stop global warming from exacerbating the current instability of ecosystem, _____ action must be taken by both local governments and residents.
 (A) symbolic (B) juvenile (C) prompt (D) electric
8. Whether capital _____ should be abolished or not remains a controversial issue in Taiwan. Whoever embraces it believes its effectiveness in decreasing the total number of criminal acts.
 (A) attachment (B) investment (C) punishment (D) monument
9. The police officer showed us pictures of drunk driving accidents to highlight the importance of staying _____ on the road.
 (A) vicious (B) raw (C) hollow (D) sober
10. It sounds extremely _____ to me that you wish to pass the GEPT test with flying colors. Frankly speaking, you even have difficulty recognizing twenty-six English alphabets.
 (A) ridiculous (B) profound (C) infectious (D) universal
11. There is no denying that many world-famous movie companies prefer to collaborate with best-selling novelists to _____ ticket sales and rake in a great sum of money.
 (A) kidnap (B) haunt (C) decline (D) boost

25. According to a recent study, the influence of social media on teenagers seems to be greater than _____ of TV. Undoubtedly, many technological inventions such as Facebook and Instagram have impacted the way of acquiring new knowledge.
 (A) this (B) that (C) these (D) those

26. The caring environmentalists demanded that the government _____ a well-planned scheme to improve air quality. Anxious about its harmful effect, quite a few people won't hit the road without wearing masks.
 (A) launches (B) launch (C) launched (D) be launched

27. Originating in the United States, Black History Month, _____ as African American History Month, is celebrated every year. This national event has raised people's awareness of black people's contributions to American society.
 (A) which refers (B) referred (C) which knows (D) known

28. _____, Kevin's academic performance is always the best in the class. He, apparently, sets an exemplary example for everyone by remaining a straight-A student.
 (A) As expected (B) As expect (C) As expecting (D) As expects

29. Choose the **CORRECT** sentence.
 (A) Were the sun to rise from the west, my love for you would have been stopping.
 (B) Had Simon remembered how his race survived COVID-19, he might have been escaped his gloomy destiny.
 (C) If it were not for the sun, no living creature on earth could have been thriving.
 (D) If it hadn't been for the heroic efforts of my ancestors, I would have been regarded as just another virus.

30. Choose the **WRONG** sentence.
 (A) Whether the user keys in English, French, German, or any other language, this device can translate the user's sentence into Chinese.
 (B) No matter how exhausted you are, you are supposed to complete your school assignment and brush up on what has been taught today.
 (C) Nate felt deep shame at not being able to make it to the hospital to keep his mom company before she passed away on the operation bed.
 (D) Due to the heartbreaking fact, we couldn't reach an agreement with our landlord, our store will be closing its door at the end of this month.

III. 綜合測驗 24% (共出 24 題，每題 1 分，共 24 分)

A. You must have heard of alternative energy, such as solar power and wind power. _____, has it ever occurred to you that electricity can be generated from tomatoes? Found in everything from Italian spaghetti to garden salads, tomatoes add a(n) _____ of color to platters and stimulate diners' taste buds. Unfortunately, not all tomatoes that are planted _____ to markets, presumably because of frost damage, excessive rain, or insect invasion. To make matter worse, with the continual rotting of tomatoes, greenhouse, known as methane, is to be released, which _____ the worsening global warming. To turn what seems like a problem _____ a solution, quite a few researchers make use of cutting-edge technological innovation and scientific knowledge. The following is _____ it works. Firstly, unwanted tomatoes are stored in a sealed container, called a cell. Then after a special kind of bacteria is added, it immediately starts to work, _____ down the tomatoes. During the process electrons are released from the tomatoes, and then captured and stored in a fuel cell that acts like a battery. This stored energy can be converted into a promising source of electric power in the future. _____ so far this technology is still in the testing stage and the total amount of electric currents produced is obviously weak, people

have initiated an environmentally friendly campaign that is worthy of particular attention!

31. (A) However (B) Moreover (C) Therefore (D) Furthermore

32. (A) boost (B) splash (C) input (D) output

33. (A) make it (B) make up (C) make out (D) turn out

34. (A) bring about (B) scribble down (C) accounts for (D) breathes in

35. (A) to (B) into (C) for (D) within

36. (A) whom (B) which (C) what (D) how

37. (A) it breaks (B) it breaking (C) broken (D) breaking

38. (A) Though (B) Until (C) If (D) While

B. COVID-19, the cause of a pandemic bringing global chaos in 2020, is a new kind of coronavirus. Coronaviruses are, in fact, common in people and many species of animals. Animal coronaviruses rarely _____ human beings and spread among them. _____, this new virus originally found in bats evolved and gained the capacity to attach to human cells. _____ entering the human body, this malicious invader proceeds to not only reproduce its "offspring" but also "kidnap" people's immune system. Possible symptoms of contracting this highly contagious disease include sore throat, coughing, sneezing, shortness of breath, and muscle or body aches. In order to prevent more _____ caused by this insidious virus, the governments from all over the world can't help but take prompt action to combat it. Firstly, people are encouraged to get _____ for the creation of an antibody response when confronted with COVID-19. _____ falling extremely ill, anyone who used to receive vaccination tend to be treated like catching a mild cold after contraction. Secondly, face masks, frequent hand-washing, and physical distancing are suggested to slow the spread of "this capricious attacker". _____ all the precautionary measures, the total number of confirmed cases would rise to an even more intimidating degree. Hopefully, humankind is able to _____ with each other in putting an end to this catastrophic disaster of all time. Let's hope for the best!

39. (A) foul (B) fuel (C) infect (D) imply

40. (A) Furthermore (B) Nevertheless (C) Accordingly (D) Consequently

41. (A) Because it (B) When they (C) With (D) Upon

42. (A) manacles (B) casualties (C) siblings (D) batteries

43. (A) vaccinate (B) vaccinated (C) be vaccinated (D) be vaccinating

44. (A) As to (B) Owing to (C) Regardless of (D) Instead of

45. (A) Were it not for (B) Had it not been for
 (C) If it had not been for (D) If it were to be for

46. (A) join hands (B) put up (C) go down (D) jot down

C. Emotions play a vital role in influencing the way people behave. However, when used in a negative way, it can be described as emotional blackmail. Emotional blackmail is a form of _____. Abusers use fear, obligation, and guilt to access _____. has been coveted after. _____, there are four types of emotional blackmailers: punishers, self-punishers, sufferers, and tantalizers. A punishers _____ the person who fuels people's fear or threatens them as a punishment in order to

V. 篇章結構 8% (共出 4 題，每題 2 分，共 8 分)

Cell phones are an unavoidable part of our daily lives. For most of us, they are nothing more than useful tools that facilitate communication, allow access to information, and provide harmless entertainment. For others, however, they are a constant temptation. With the rise of mobile gaming, the risk of becoming addicted to your phone is higher than ever.

As we play mobile games, our brains release dopamine, a feel-good chemical, and the more we play, the more we need to play to get the same rush of excitement. When our brains are frequently flooded with dopamine, baseline level starts to decrease. 65 This cycle is what leads to addiction. To make matters worse, game developers intentionally design their games to be as addictive as possible. 66 One of the most popular games, *Candy Crush*, draws attention to in-game accomplishments by congratulating users with words such as "sweet" and "divine" when they clear multiple rows of candy with one move.

Another way game developers hook players is by creating games that are appealing to the senses. 67 Some games even build excitement and suspense by making us wait before we can play again. The most addictive games also never end, as new levels are regularly added to keep us coming back for more. Most of the time these games are free, but as we progress through the levels, we get the choice of paying for special rewards, which many gamers eventually end up doing.

Luckily, beating mobile game addiction doesn't have to mean quitting games for good. Instead, we can create a balance by spending time on other activities like reading, exercise, or social interactions with friends and family. We can also limit and track the time we spend playing games. 68

- (A) The most addictive games often feature joyful music and brightly colored images, which stimulate our brains.
- (B) Eventually, our brains will readjust their baseline level of dopamine, and we'll be happier, healthier individuals.
- (C) Most games are easy to play in the beginning, but when they get more challenging, we are rewarded with an increased feeling of achievement, which is accompanied by a spike in dopamine.
- (D) As this happens, we can get stuck in a constant cycle of trying to maintain our happiness by playing more.

VI. 閱讀測驗 14% (共出 7 題，每題 2 分，共 14 分)

A.

Emotional blackmail is a concept which is receiving increasing attention. It especially occurs in a close relationship. How do emotional blackmailers get their victims to meet their demands? Match each description with the correct title in the box below.

achieve the intended goal. A self-punisher, on the other hand, attempts to 51 others feel guilty by attributing an unpleasant situation to not receiving timely assistance. A sufferer portrays anyone who gains control over other people by overwhelming them 52 negative emotions. For example, if your friends is not willing to take on part of your work, you headache won't go away. Finally, a tantalizer is seen to promise tempting 53, such as a big meal or free concert ticket, in the hope of triggering a satisfactory response from the target interlocutor. Whichever kind of blackmailers they are, they transfer blame and responsibility to the victims. It is advisable that everyone 54 each type of emotional blackmail so that he or she avoids becoming one of them. Otherwise, not only you but also people around you are most likely to encounter such a dilemma in the future.

- 47. (A) implication (B) manipulation (C) assessment (D) guidance
- 48. (A) whatever (B) whichever (C) whenever (D) wherever
- 49. (A) On average (B) By contrast (C) In addition (D) In general
- 50. (A) fights off (B) refers to (C) thinks of (D) leads to
- 51. (A) let (B) have (C) make (D) get
- 52. (A) with (B) as (C) in (D) to
- 53. (A) creeds (B) decrees (C) incentives (D) integrity
- 54. (A) center on (B) escapes from (C) brush up on (D) learns more

IV. 文意選填 10% (共出 10 題，每題 1 分，共 10 分) (不考慮大小寫)(每選項只填一次)

Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. is remembered as a hero. He went down in history as a leader of the Civil Rights Movement. His many writings and speeches are 55 of the ongoing struggle for racial justice in the United States. This legendary figure was killed in 1968 in the midst of protests for racial equality. On August 22, 2011, the Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial opened in Washington, D.C., the 56 of the United States. The memorial is near the Lincoln Memorial, where he delivered his "I Have a Dream" speech. The following are two original passages from this inspiring and 57 speech.

But one hundred years later, we must face the tragic fact that the Negro is still not free. One hundred years later, the life of the Negro is still sadly crippled by the manacles of 58 and the chains of discrimination. One hundred years later, the Negro lives on a lonely island of poverty in the midst of a vast ocean of material 59. One hundred years later, the Negro is still 60 in the corners of American society and finds himself a(n) 61 in his own land. So we have come here today to dramatize shameful condition.

We have also come to this hallowed spot to remind America of the fierce urgency of now. This is no time to engage in the luxury of cooling off or to take the 62 drug of gradualism. Now is the time to rise from the dark and 63 valley of segregation to the sunlit path of racial justice. Now is the time to open the doors of opportunity to all of God's children. Now is the time to lift our nation from the quicksands of racial injustice to the solid rock of 64.

- A. segregation B. capital C. exile D. tranquilizing E. languishing
- AB. prosperity AC. motivational AD. brotherhood BC. desolate BD. representative

70. What is the speaker's attitude toward the blood-type belief in Japan?

- (A) Positive.
- (B) Negative.
- (C) Defensive.
- (D) Objective

71. According to the examples mentioned in the passage, which blood type can we infer is the LEAST favored in Japan?

- (A) Type A.
- (B) Type B.
- (C) Type C.
- (D) Type D.

C.

How can twenty sticks of dry spaghetti, a yard of tape, a yard of string, and one marshmallow help build a stronger team? A popular team-building exercise known as the marshmallow Challenge promises to do just that. In this challenge, with only the materials mentioned above, teams cooperate to build the tallest free-standing building structure capable of supporting the weight of one marshmallow at the top. With only 18 minutes to complete the task, the teams must learn to collaborate quickly.

The marshmallow Challenge, promoted by Canadian technology expert Tom Wujec, has been conducted around the world with architects and engineers, CEOs, lawyers, business graduates, and even kindergarteners. Over the years the challenge has produced some surprising results. In Wujec's study, the average height of the structures constructed was 20 inches. The group that built the highest structure was, as expected, architects and engineers. CEOs performed slightly better than average, coming in third. Lawyers, on the other hand, performed below average, ranking second to last. And despite working to create the best plan, business graduates performed the worst. Amazingly kindergarteners outperformed most of the adult teams to achieve the second best performance.

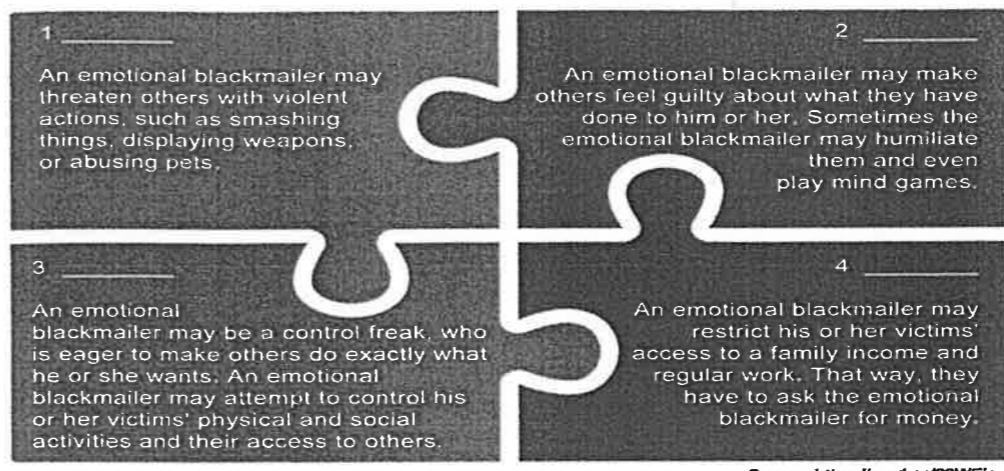
The high ranking of the kindergarten group, whose impressive structures were taller than those of most adult teams, was mainly a result of their unique and innovative ideas. One reason for this is that kids usually get started with what has been given to them right away, whereas adults usually don't start putting the structure together until they have spent most of the time planning. This leaves no time to adjust the design if it cannot support the marshmallow. Another reason is that unlike adults, kindergarteners are quicker to change their methods after failed approaches. They rely on trial and error – if one method doesn't work, they quickly move on to the next. This approach gives them immediate feedback about what design elements work to give their structure height and stability. Still another reason for their success is that children tend to collaborate freely and naturally. They don't waste time deciding who is in charge. Instead, they are more focused on working together to figure out how to build the tallest structure.

The marshmallow challenge teaches us that age and experience are not the only routes to success. In order to solve problems, we must roll up our sleeves and get down to work right away, explore and experiment with new ideas, and collaborate effectively. In this way, we can surely get the marshmallow to the top.

72. What is NOT required in the Marshmallow Challenge?

- (A) Teamwork.
- (B) A marshmallow.

Methods Emotional Blackmailers Use to Control People



Source: <https://reurl.cc/62WEjr>

(A) Using Isolation	(B) Using Intimidation
(C) Using Economic Abuse	(D) Using Emotional Abuse

69. According to the data, which of the following is TRUE?

- (A) B → D → C → A
- (B) B → D → A → C
- (C) D → B → C → A
- (D) D → B → A → C

B.

In Japan, a person's blood type is popularly believed to decide his/her temperament and personality. Type-A people are generally considered sensitive perfectionists and good team players, but over-anxious. Type Os are curious and generous but stubborn. Type ABs are artistic but mysterious and unpredictable, and type Bs are cheerful but eccentric, individualistic, and selfish. Though lacking scientific evidence, this belief is widely seen in books, magazines, and television shows.

The blood-type belief has been used in unusual ways. The women's softball team that won gold for Japan at the Beijing Olympics is reported to have used blood-type theories to customize training for each player. Some kindergartens have adopted teaching methods along blood group lines, and even major companies reportedly make decisions about assignments based on an employee's blood type. In 1990, Mitsubishi Electronics was reported to have announced the formation of a team composed entirely of AB workers, thanks to "their ability to make plans."

The belief even affects politics. One former prime minister considered it important enough to reveal in his official profile that he was a type A, while his opposition rival was type B. In 2011, a minister, Ryu Matsumoto, was forced to resign after only a week in office, when a bad-tempered encounter with local officials was televised. In his resignation speech, he blamed his failings on the fact that he was blood type B.

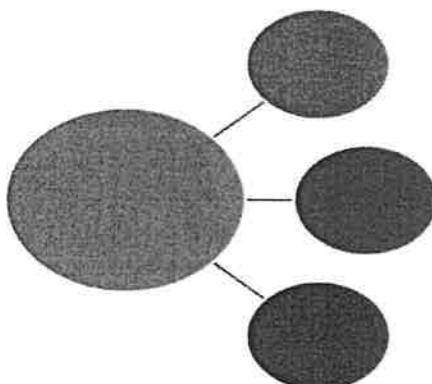
The blood-type craze, considered simply harmless fun by some Japanese, may manifest itself as prejudice and discrimination. In fact, this seems so common that the Japanese now have a term for it: *bura-hara*, meaning blood-type harassment. There are reports of discrimination leading to children being bullied, ending of happy relationships, and loss of job opportunities due to blood type.

75. Which of the following best presents the organization of this article?

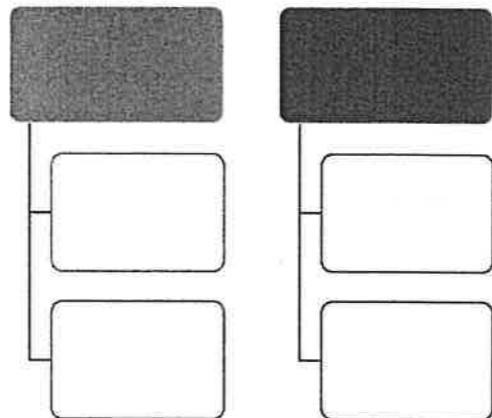
(A)



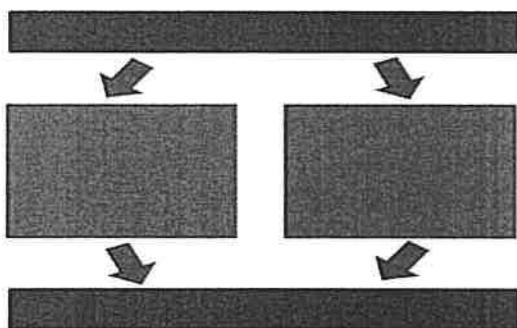
(B)



(C)



(D)



(C) String and tape.
(D) A detailed plan.

73. What is implied in the passage?

(A) Young kids lose the ability to work in teams when they grow up.
(B) There is only one way to win the game and achieve eventual success.
(C) Lawyer are better than kindergarteners at thinking of innovative ideas.
(D) The ability to quickly adjust to change can't be overemphasized in problem-solving.

D.

Mobile payments, one of the forms of digital payments, are recognized as a quick and convenient way to pay for anything. To enjoy the service, you need to tie your credit card to your smartphone in advance. That is, you need to set up your existing credit cards in the mobile wallet your phone supports through installing apps platforms. Usually, that's Apple Pay for iPhones, and Google Pay for Android phones. Next, the issuing bank has to accept your mobile payment platform. Finally, the store you're shopping at needs to accept mobile payments from your chosen payment app. It is not until all those conditions are met that you can pay with your smartphone merely through tapping it to the online payment terminal - like magic.

In addition to convenience, there're other advantages which make mobile payments appealing to the users worldwide. First, they are fast. All the users have to do to pay is tap and go, no muss, no fuss. Second, they are more secure. Once the chosen app verifies the card information with the issuing bank in the first place, storing or sending credit card information during subsequent paying is no longer required. Instead, a "token" and a one-time-use security code will be combined and used in each paying. Therefore, even if a hacker gets these things, your credit card can't be accessed. Third, they are widely accepted in most major stores in an urban area. Fourth, all you have to bring to buy things is your phone alone, which makes purchase easier. Best of all, to increase customer mobile payments provide reward programs.

Although paying with smartphones can be convenient, the technology causes disadvantages of its own. For example, they aren't always accepted. Apple Pay is the most widely accepted form of digital payment, and even so, only 36% of North American retailers support it. Though another 22% say they intend to accept Apple Pay within the next year, more than 40% of the stores you visit won't accept it. What's worse, each paying leaves a digital record, raising more concerns about privacy. Furthermore, if your phone doesn't support mobile payment technology, or even your battery dies, you are out of luck - you can't buy anything via your phone.

74. What is the purpose of the author?

(A) To raise the awareness about using mobile payments.
(B) To warn the potential risks of using mobile payments.
(C) To analyze and encourage the use of mobile payments.
(D) To introduce the working systems behind mobile payments.

VII. 混合題 4% (共出 3 題, 76 題 2 分, 77-78 題 1 分, 共 4 分)

(答案請寫在答案卷上面, 否則不予計分!!!)

Braille has been revolutionary for people with blindness. A system of raised dots on paper, braille is not itself a language but rather a code that enables millions of blind people to read and write in many different languages. Read on to discover the history of this incredible invention.

The story of braille begins with Charles Barbier, who believed that conventional writing was at times a barrier to literacy. In 1815, he proposed an alternative writing system based on the Polybius square. The system was composed of cells with two columns, each with six dots arranged vertically. The dots could be raised to indicate a phonetic sound on a corresponding six-by-five grid. For example, a cell with four raised dots in the first column and three in the second represented the sound in the fourth row and third column of the grid. In 1821, Barbier wrote to the Royal Institute for Blind Youth, an establishment in Paris, to tell the director about his invention. At that time, students at the institute read by feeling raised type, a method developed by the school's founder, Valentin Hauy. Reading raised type was difficult, and students could not produce their own writing using Hauy's method. Barbier's system

represented an enormous lead forward in the students' education.

Among the students at the institute was a young boy named Louis Braille, who was astonished when he first touched the raised dots of Barbier's writing system. Braille immediately identified its merits, but he was also quick to notice the system's flaws. Most importantly, the dots making up each cell could not be felt all at once with the fingertip, so reading was a slow process. The system also lacked symbols for punctuation, mathematics, and musical notation.

Braille improved on Barbier's system in the following years, modifying it until he arrived at a simplified, six-dot system. The number and arrangement of raised dots in Braille's cells could represent any letter of the alphabet in a space no larger than a fingertip. With 64 possible combinations, the cells could also represent various symbols. In 1824, when he was only 15 years old, Braille unveiled this system. Then, in 1829, he published his first book on what is known today as braille.

Despite its success, braille wasn't adopted in France as the official communications system for blind people until 1854, two years after Braille's death. Today, it is the most used tactile writing system in the world. Thanks to Louis Braille, blind people all over the world are able to read books, magazines, and even articles like this one.

76. According to the article, what was the main flaw of Barbier's system?

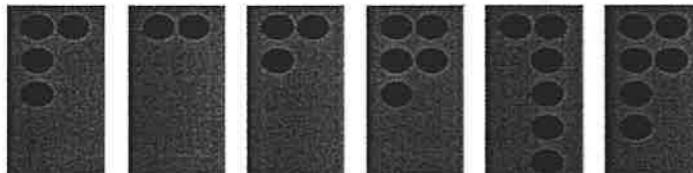
- (A) Students could not produce their own writing using the system.
- (B) The dots making up each cell could not be felt all at once with the fingertip.
- (C) It lacked symbols for punctuation, mathematics, and musical notation.
- (D) Students had to memorize the positions of sounds on a corresponding grid.

Below is a version of Barbier's grid that has been modified to display the English alphabet. Reread the article to learn how Barbier's writing system works, and then use the grid to decode the words on the right.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	a	b	c	d	e	f
2	g	h	i	j	k	l
3	m	n	o	p	q	r
4	s	t	u	v	w	x
5	y	z				

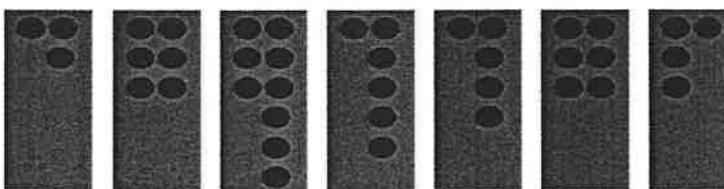
Answer:

77. _____



Answer:

78. _____



VIII. 中英翻譯 10% (共出 2 題，每題 5 分，共 10 分)(錯一字扣一分，扣完為止)

(答案請寫在 **答案卷** 上面，否則不予計分!!!)

79. 伊波拉是具有傳染性且致命的疾病，一直影響著醫療衛生保健不足的非洲未開發國家。

80. 這位被罷免的總統宣稱她受到政治壓迫，而且也說賄賂案的審判是一種政治報復的形式。

試題到此結束，請務必再次檢查劃卡和答案卷！

I. 文意字彙 20% (共出 20 題, 每題 1 分, 共 20 分)

1.	B	2.	A	3.	C	4.	D	5.	C
6.	A	7.	C	8.	C	9.	D	10.	A
11.	D	12.	A	13.	B	14.	A	15.	D
16.	C	17.	D	18.	B	19.	D	20.	C

II. 語法選擇 10% (共出 10 題, 每題 1 分, 共 10 分)

21.	C	22.	A	23.	C	24.	B	25.	B
26.	B	27.	D	28.	A	29.	D	30.	D

III. 綜合測驗 24% (共出 24 題, 每題 1 分, 共 24 分)

A.

31.	A	32.	B	33.	A	34.	C	35.	B
36.	D	37.	D	38.	A				

B.

39.	C	40.	B	41.	D	42.	B	43.	B
44.	D	45.	A	46.	A				

C.

47.	B	48.	A	49.	D	50.	B	51.	C
52.	A	53.	C	54.	C				

IV. 文意選填 10% (共出 10 題, 每題 1 分, 共 10 分)

55.	BD	56.	B	57.	AC	58.	A	59.	AB
60.	E	61.	C	62.	D	63.	BC	64.	AD

V. 篇章結構 8% (共出 4 題, 每題 2 分, 共 8 分)

65.	D	66.	C	67.	A	68.	B
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VI. 閱讀測驗 14% (共出 7 題, 每題 2 分, 共 14 分)

A.

69.	B
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B.

70.	D	71.	B
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C.

72.	D	73.	D
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D.

74.	A	75.	D
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VII. 混合題 4% (共出 3 題, 76 題 2 分, 77-78 題 1 分, 共 4 分)

76.	B	77.	magnet	78.	boredom
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VIII. 中英翻譯 10% (共出 2 題, 每題 5 分, 共 10 分)

80.	Ebola is an infectious and deadly disease, which has been affecting many African underdeveloped countries where the healthcare is inadequate.
81.	The deposed president claimed that she had suffered political oppression and that her bribery trial was a form of political revenge.