

科目代號: 33 命題教師: 劉育英

注意: 請寫明班級、姓名、座號, 並劃清楚於答案卡(卷)上。若因劃錯或劃記不清楚而導致讀卡失敗者, 將扣本次平時成績或抄錄考卷一遍。手寫答案(含非選擇題)請用黑色或藍色筆在「答案卷」上作答, 切勿使用鉛筆, 否則不予計分。遵守考場規則, 違者依校規處置。

第一部分選擇共 90% 1~~64: 每題 1 分; 65~~75: 每題 2 分請將答案劃記於答案卡

choose the **BEST** answer

71~~75: 手寫答案 8 分翻譯 14% 請將答案寫於答案卷

一. 選擇:

1. I think I will stay calm, but when I am confronted with English teacher YY, who asks me to speak English loudly, I become very _____.
(A) amazed (B) nervous. (C) disappointed (D) disgusted
2. The class _____ is available on the website. You should check it so that you know when classes begins and what subject you study.
(A) culture (B) information (C) journey (D) schedule
3. A recent _____ found that 90 percent of students in class 101 are crazy about English.
(A) sentence (B) paragraph (C) survey (D) passage
4. The _____ of my studying in CYSH is to enter a good college.
(A) article (B) purpose (C) paw (D) surface
5. Tiredness, loss of appetite, and sleeping problems are all classic symptoms of _____.
(A) depression (B) comprehension (C) similarity (D) conclusion
6. A new baby will automatically _____ its fingers round any object it touches.
(A) curl (B) inspire (C) realize (D) avoid
7. When I feel unhappy, my best friend will _____ my shoulder, saying, "I will stand by you."
(A) lap (B) nap (C) cap (D) pat
8. If you want to _____ the 3 years in CYSH, you had better respect your teachers and be kind to your classmates; otherwise, you may lead a sad high school life.
(A) survive (B) astonish (C) embarrass (D) respond
9. Our homeroom teacher chooses a class leader to _____ our class to take part in school meetings
(A) impress (B) communicate (C) represent (D) introduce
10. When I first went to CYSH, it all felt very _____ to me, but now I feel CYSH as my home.
(A) predator (B) alien (C) creature (D) principal
11. Entering high school seems like your second chance to change your life. If you don't _____ this opportunity, you might not get another one.
(A) embrace (B) include (C) connect (D) grab
12. No matter if you like your new class, the three-year memories at CYSH will be a _____ and memorable experience for you.

- (A) naughty (B) various (C) migratory (D) valuable
13. The _____ of the three numbers 7, 12, and 20 is 13, because the total of 7, 12, and 20 is 39, and 39 divided by 3 is 13.
(A) core (B) average (C) impressive (D) swift
14. Bears _____ during winter, but aren't sleeping the whole time. Bears don't need to eat or drink, and rarely urinate or defecate (or not at all).
(A) ignore (B) disappear (C) hibernate (D) respond
15. No matter if you like your parents, you can see themselves _____ ed in you. You are the copy of your parents.
(A) ruin (B) reflect (C) remind (D) recall
16. Jeremy is good at math, but he is not good at English. He _____ passes English exam.
(A) frequently (B) seldom (C) occasionally (D) almost
17. You may know __1__ brown bears hibernate and __2__ goldfish sleep without closing their eyes, but have you ever wondered how other animals sleep?
(A) that/ x (B) x/x (C) x/that (D) that /which
18. Some giraffes sleep only thirty minutes a day. When a giraffe sleeps, it curls its long neck and lays its head on its hip. __1__, there are often predators around, and a giraffe can't stand up from this position very quickly. __2__, a giraffe never naps for too long.
(A) However/Therefore (B) As a result/Moreover
(C) Besides/Therefore (D) In addition/ Yet
19. The wide kinds of sleeping habits in the animal kingdom show __1__ different creatures have different ways of avoiding __2__ danger.
(A) what/to meet (B) how/ meeting (C) where/meet (D) which/ meets
20. In Thailand, when I patted the boy on __1__ head, his dad __2__ very angry.
(A) an/looked (B) boy's/looked (C) his/ looked like (D) the/ looked
21. While most teenagers love the Internet, Jeremy _____ coffee and cannot do anything in the morning until he's had some.
(A) is addicted to (B) is exposed to (C) is keen on (D) is eager to
22. Jane _____ her teacher by passing the exam with a nearly perfect score; she almost failed the course last semester.
(A) bored (B) amazed (C) charmed (D) informed
23. We want to know
(A) where should we hold a surprise party for Owen
(B) what can Owen do in his birthday party
(C) how to invite more friends to Owen's birthday party
(D) who to send invitation cards to his friends
24. Mandy told us that _____.
(A) she has been to Russia
(B) her father would take a trip to Europe tomorrow
(C) she has bought a smartphone two weeks ago
(D) she wanted to book the concert ticket right away

25. Choose the WRONG sentence.

- (A) The lazy student finishes all the homework is unbelievable.
- (B) People don't believe the mayor is honest and that he doesn't accept money from any businessmen.
- (C) The truth was that the old lady stole something from the shop.
- (D) Nobody will deny the fact that Larry is a diligent student.

二、填入最佳片語26-30 題(無須理會大小寫及時態) fill in the best answer:

(A) turn to	(B) hang out,	(C) focus on	(D) go through
(E) make use of	(AB) let out	(AC) hold one's breath	(AD) look out for

- 26. Life is short, and we should _____ our time and live it a life.
- 27. Remember to _____ the pockets before you put those trousers in the washing machine.
- 28. Fans _____ waiting for their idol, YY, showing up on the stage. At that moment, the whole place is so quiet.
- 29. After Alvin's flight landed in Tokyo, it took him an hour to _____ customs.
- 30. I don't know why Jeremy _____ with Ann. They've got nothing in common and Ann always bullies Jeremy.

綜合測驗:第 31 至 35 題為題組

The handshake is a common method of greeting others around the world. However, the handshake can differ from country to country. The following are a few examples.

In Mexico, a handshake isn't just a handshake. Often, it ___31___ a hug as well, so don't be afraid of physical contact. ___32___, in the neighboring United States, the handshake doesn't usually go along with a hug. Instead, it should come with eye contact. ___33___ away while someone is shaking your hand might be seen as impolite or make you look like you've got something to hide.

Eye contact also goes along with a handshake in Brazil, only with a slight difference. If a man shakes hands with a woman, he also kisses her on the cheek. The number of kisses ___34___ where you are in Brazil. However, wherever you are, it is always between one and three kisses.

___35___ you are traveling somewhere for business or for pleasure, be sure to look up the right way to shake hands there before you go. It could make all the difference.

- 31. (A) come into (B) come with (C) come along (D) come across
- 32. (A) After all (B) At length (C) On the contrary (D) That is
- 33. (A) Looks (B) Look (C) To look (D) Looking
- 34. (A) depends on (B) turns to (C) turns out (D) pays attention to
- 35. (A) whether (B) if (C) until (D) though

第 36 至 40 題為題組:

It's great to make new friends when you are traveling in a different country. However, if you want to make a good first impression, ___36___ how to greet people will definitely help. After all, people in other countries often use greetings different from our own. Here's a well-known example from the Japanese. In Japan, bowing is the way of saying hello and show respect for others. The type of bow varies based on ___37___ you are greeting. Another example is from Tibet, where there is a very surprising way to greet others. Visitors to Tibet soon ___38___ to realize that sticking your tongue out is a kind of hello. This greeting ___39___ for a thousand years. It began as a way for monks to show that they weren't the evil king Langdarma, ___40___ tongue was known to be black. Though there is no need to prove it today, monks still quickly stick out their tongues to greet each other or to show agreement.

- 36. (A) learn (B) learning (C) learned (D) learns
- 37. (A) whom (B) which (C) what (D) where
- 38. (A) hold on (B) turn (C) come (D) happen
- 39. (A) will exist (B) has existed (C) is existing (D) exists
- 40. (A) which (B) who (C) that (D) whose

41 至 45 為題組

When a person sneezes, the droplets can spread diseases. Now research shows that plants have a somewhat ___41___ problem. Plant diseases can also spread through tiny water drops that jump off leaves—a plant's version of a sneeze.

Scientists already knew earlier that wind and splashes of rainwater can move bacteria and other germs from leaf to leaf. In order to search for other possible transmission paths, researchers at Virginia Tech observed water drops on the leaves of wheat plants that were ___42___ leaf rust. They found that the sick plants could "sneeze" and ___43___ tiny water drops filled with leaf rust germs, spreading the disease to neighboring plants.

The researchers noticed that small drops of water on the wheat leaves would move to combine and form a larger drop. As they were moving, the energy of the droplets in motion would be released. This energy allowed the water ___44___ into the air, which looked just like sneezing!

However, not all plants can sneeze. The ability is ___45___ to those with leaves that are hydrophobic, or repel water—a special feature that forces the liquid to move away when the leaf is exposed to it.

- 41. (A) similar (B) miraculous (C) realistic (D) temporary
- 42. (A) different from (B) likely to (C) alien to (D) infected with
- 43. (A) shoot out (B) hold on (C) come across (D) give up
- 44. (A) jump (B) to jump (C) jumping (D) jumped
- 45. (A) curious (B) relative (C) unique (D) primitive

46 至 50 為題組

A medicine label must warn you of the possible side effects of taking the medicine. ___46___, will it make you sleepy, dizzy or listless? A food label should tell you how much of a product a container holds—maybe you have noticed ___47___ on food label. A clothing label should tell

(2)

you how to ___48___ a product. By reading a label, you will learn ___49___ to wash, dry clean, or bleach an item of clothing. Household product labels list a variety of cautions and warnings. Misuse of these products may result in something ___50___, such as being poisoned or hurt.

46. (A) Besides (B) For example (C) Nevertheless (D) After all
 47. (A) "Expire Date" (B) "Usage" (C) "Net Weight" (D) "Ingredients"
 48. (A) cut down on (B) get along with (C) get rid of (D) take care of
 49. (A) when (B) what (C) where (D) whether
 50. (A) undesirable (B) unreliable (C) unnecessary (D) understanding

三、文意選填51至60 (請忽略選項大小寫)

(A) impressive	(B) truly	(C) average	(D) from	(E) avoided
(AB) therefore	(AC) at	(AD) amazed	(AE) awake	(BC) nap

Many young people do not value sleep highly enough. Do you know that high school students are supposed to get a(n) ___51___ of eight to ten hours of sleep every night? I always wish that I had known the power of sleep when I was a student so that I could have ___52___ certain bad sleeping habits early on.

I became ___53___ by the importance of sleep the year after I started a new job. I lived a very busy life and had trouble falling asleep at night. I tried some ways to improve my sleep quality, and the results were really ___54___. The first thing I did was to stop taking a(n) ___55___ during the day. I would sometimes sleep ___56___ 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. on weekends, but this wasn't really a good habit. It actually kept me ___57___ in the middle of the night. This made me feel ___58___ tired the next day and left me without any energy.

Other things I did to help me sleep better included reducing my stress by slowing down and getting more exercise. I also made sure I went to bed ___59___ the same time every night. All these have made a big difference in my life. I have become healthy and I am doing well at my job.

___60___, I now realize the importance of sleep. I hope you do, too!

四、篇章結構:61至64 Discourse

Maryland will become the second state to ban the declawing of cats. ___61___ Some owners do it to protect their furniture. After finding a guilty cat sitting in front of shredded carpet or drapes a few times, the owners might be tempted by this solution. However, those who are against declawing point out that it includes removing a bone from the cats' toes. ___62___ According to the Humane Society of the United States, declawing causes cats' feet to ache. ___63___ Therefore, it may get injuries. It is an unnecessary surgery that provides no medical benefit to the cat.

There are other ways to stop cats from scratching furniture. ___64___ Educated pet parents can easily train their cats to use their claws in a manner that allows everyone in the household to live

together happily.

Many other countries, including the UK, Israel, and Switzerland, have already banned declawing. The bill has been signed by the governor, and it will take effect on October 1, 2022.

- (A) Declawing means that a cat's claws are removed to stop it from scratching.
 (B) These include providing a chosen scratching location, as well as regular nail clipping.
 (C) In human terms, this would be equal to cutting off a finger at the last joint.
 (D) In addition, if a declawed cat gets outside, it has no way to protect itself.

五、閱讀測驗: 第 65-66 題為題組

School is a community, a common place to gain relationships. School is for social interactions and learning to become an active member of society.

Most grown-ups believe that school is only for learning back to back. They don't understand the parts that build character for us teens. They don't understand that school is where we grow and learn to express ourselves. The things we go through are like practice tests for what comes next. Here are the quotes from our fellow Fremont students sharing their views on what school means to them.

"School is about making mistakes and learning from them. School is the prime time in life to make as many mistakes as you possibly can. This way, you learn from them and not repeat those same mistakes again in adult life, where they could have more drastic consequences."—Victor, 15

"School is where you can be anyone without anybody judging you. A school is a place where people want to see the real you."—Evette, 15

"For me, school is hard, but other people think that school is easy. Parents think that being in school doesn't make you tired, but in reality, it does."—Jayla, 15

"School is somewhere you can build your confidence in life, even if you are not too sure about it."—Destini, 15

65. According to the article, which of the following is NOT true?
 (A) To Evette, people don't criticize her for being her true self at school.
 (B) To Jayla, school life can be more difficult than the parents think it would be.
 (C) To Destini, students feel uncertain about life but gain confidence facing it at school.
 (D) To Victor, mistakes must be avoided at school to prevent students from making similar mistakes as adults.
66. Who is/are the most likely to be the author(s) of the article?
 (A) Student reporters from Fremont High School
 (B) Ms. Kamenetz, a longtime education reporter
 (C) Kevin Kunishi, a teacher at Fremont High School
 (D) Mr. and Mrs. Muhammad, parents of a high school student

(3)

第 67- 70 題為題組：

In nature, predators and prey seem to play a game of hide-and-seek. Prey need to hide, so predators do not find them and eat them. Predators need to hide too, so smaller prey cannot see them approaching. Some animals have special colors or marks on their bodies that help them hide among trees, rocks, and grass. This blending is called camouflage.

The earth tone colors of deer and squirrels help them hide from predators among the browns of trees, bushes and soil. A brown squirrel can be difficult to see when it is running quickly among brown autumn leaves. A brown deer cannot be noticed when it is hiding between tree trunks. The deer and squirrel's special coloring help them hide from predators.

African lions have a tan body coloring. However, lions use it not to hide from predators, but to hide in savanna grasses while watching for prey. A lion can move quietly to prey without being seen more easily by blending into the grassy environment.

Another popular animal camouflage color is green. The green tree frogs of Australia blend in and hide from predators better because of their color. Green tree pythons and emerald boas, meanwhile, are more like lions, using their green color to blend in. When a likely meal (a rodent, bird or lizard) comes along these snakes strike quickly, catching the prey. Still another example is the owl. Owls sleep during the day, so they do not want to be seen by other animals. Thus, their feather pattern and coloring match the tree trunk.

The praying mantis takes things a step further. While its green to brown color helps it blend in with vegetation, the mantis also mimics the shape of a stem or leaf. The mantis uses these camouflage methods both to hide from predators like birds, frogs, snakes, spiders and bats, and to wait for its prey such as insects (including other mantises!), spiders, hummingbirds, and small frogs and mice. Just as important as color camouflage and mimicry is pattern camouflage. Tiger stripes and leopard and jaguar spots are all patterns which help these cats hide among the plants and shadows when they search for prey. In addition to camouflage, in nature, hide-and-seek is a game of life and death. Pattern and color camouflage, and mimicry, can give predators and prey a survival advantage.

Adapted from www.superteacherworksheets.com

67. The article is mainly about .
 (A) why animals change their colors to get their prey
 (B) what animals do to avoid being eaten by their predators
 (C) the most effective way to blend in the surroundings
 (D) what animals do to help them survive
68. Which of the following statements about color camouflage is TRUE?
 (A) Animals with earth tone colors can easily hide themselves in bushes and soil.
 (B) The tan body coloring of Africa lions enables them to catch the prey quickly.
 (C) The feather pattern of the owls matches the tree trunk, so they can be seen easily.
 (D) A lizard may not find a green tree python in the forest because the snakes move slowly.
69. Which of the following statements is **TRUE**?
 (A) The praying mantis uses color camouflage and mimicry to await prey such as snakes.
 (B) Pattern camouflage and color camouflage are more popular among animals than mimicry.
 (C) A tiger has vertical stripes that help to hide it among tall grass. This is pattern camouflage.
 (D) Camouflage can give predators and prey a chance to avoid danger.

70. After reading the article, Hank put the animals into different categories. Which of the following table may be the right one?

(A)

Color camouflage	Pattern camouflage	Mimicry
leopard	African lion	Praying mantis
Emerald boa	Jaguar	Green tree frog
Tiger	Owl	

(B)

Color camouflage	Pattern camouflage	Mimicry
Green tree frog Owl	Leopard	Praying mantis
	Jaguar	Emerald boa
	Tiger	Owl

(C)

Color camouflage	Pattern camouflage	Mimicry
African lion	Leopard	Praying mantis
Emerald boa	Jaguar	
Owl	Owl	

(D)

Color camouflage	Pattern camouflage	Mimicry
African lion	Leopard Jaguar	Praying mantis
Emerald boa	Owl	Tiger

五、混合題(素養題)第 71-75 為題組

When communicating with a human, we often look to his or her face or hands for clues to how they are feeling. However, when trying to read your cat's body language, you should pay attention to its tail. A cat's tail position or movements can indicate not only what your cat is feeling now but also what it wants or plans to do. Here are a few cat tail gestures you can take notice of. If your cat feels happy, it will have its tail straight up, and perhaps the end of its tail will curve a little. Your cat maybe also partly cover its leg to show that it is friendly to you. Nevertheless, if your cat's tail is moving wildly or hitting the floor, there's a strong chance that it is angry. If you see the tail is on the ground and that the end of it is moving from side to side, the cat may be hunting or playing. When a cat is scared, its tail sometimes becomes very large. Watch out for these signs, as they are a window into your cat's world.

71. Where would you most likely read the article?

- (A) In a magazine about wild animals (B) In an advertisement for the cat food
 (C) On a website as regards animal behaviours (D) In an traveling booklet about local pets.

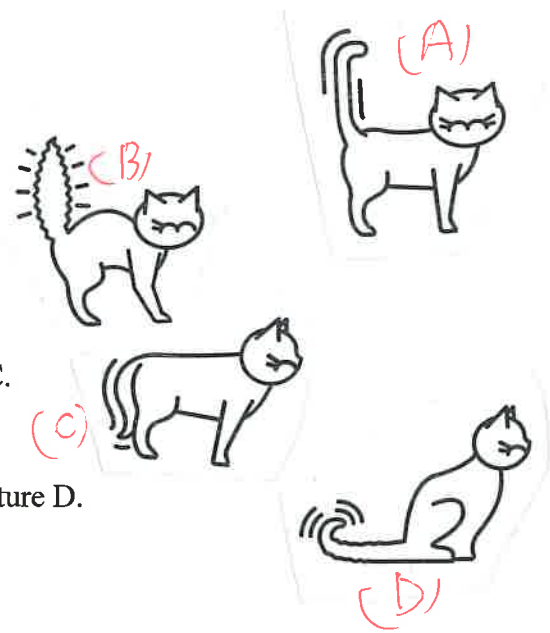
Fill in the correct words from the passage to match the pictures:

72. When a cat is _____, its tail is like Picture A.

73. When a cat is _____, its tail is like Picture B

74. When a cat is _____, its tail is like Picture C.

75. When a cat is _____, its tail may be like Picture D.



5-

第二部分：翻譯 1~4: 一題 3 分/// 第 5 題 2 分 **14%** (錯一個字扣 1 分扣到完)

1. Mary 認為她老闆在上星期一說有些人並不認真工作是針對她說的。從那時候開始，她一直覺得很沮喪，而且不知道可以向誰求助。(3%)
2. 為了不要有錯誤，John 在把考卷交給老師前徹底看過考卷，以確定所有的答案是正確的。(3%)
3. 令 John 感到尷尬的是，在他報告時(during the presentation)，他發現他沒有完成他的報告，而給教授一個很差的印象。(3%)
4. 如果彼此不溝通，父母親不容易知道他們的小孩在想什麼。(用 It...開頭) (3%)
5. 這小兄弟們被教導在過馬路時要緊緊抓住彼此的手並留意車輛。(2%)

(5)

正義高級中學 112 學年度第 1 學期期初英文科答案卷(高一)

選擇: (78%) 1~71 題 :	Class:
非選: 22% (14%+素養題目 8%)	Number:
總分: (100%)	Name:

72~75 一題 2 分 8 %

72.
73
74
75

Part2: translation : 15%

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

高 1 英文 答案

14%

(限用本範圍內的句型、單字及片語)

1. Mary 認為她老闆在上星期一說有些人並不認真工作是針對她說的。從那時候開始，她一直覺得很沮喪，而且不知道可以向誰求助。(3%)

Last Monday, Mary **took it personally** when her boss said that some people were not working hard enough. She **has been feeling/ has felt depressed** since then and doesn't know **who she can turn to**.

2. 為了不要有錯誤，John 在把考卷交給老師前徹底看過考卷，以確定所有的答案是正確的。(3%)

In order not to Make any mistake, John **went through** the exam paper to make sure all the answers were correct before he **handed it over to** the teacher.

3. 令 John 感到尷尬的是，在他報告時(during the presentation)，他發現他沒有完成他的報告，而給教授一個很差的印象。(3%)

To John's embarrassment, he found he **hadn't completed / didn't complete** the report during the presentation and **thus / therefore** left a bad impression on the professor(s).

4. 如果彼此不溝通，父母親不容易知道他們的小孩在想什麼。(用 It...開頭)(3%)

It is not easy for parents to know what their children are thinking about if they don't communicate with each other.

5. 這小兄弟們被教導在過馬路時要緊緊抓住彼此的手並留意車輛。(The little brothers...)(3%)

The little brothers **were taught / are taught** to hold on to each other's hands and look out for cars when they **crossed / cross** the road.

1~55: 一題一分

1. B	2. D	3. C	4. B	5. A	6. A	7. D	8. A	9. C	10. B
11. D	12. D	13. B	14. C	15. B	16. B	17. C	18. A	19. B	20. A
21. A	22. B	23. C	24. D	25. A	26. E	27. AD	28. AC	29. D	30. B
31. B	32. C	33. D	34. A	35. A	36. B	37. A	38. C	39. B	40. D
41. D	42. C	43. C	44. B	45. C	46. B	47. D	48. D	49. D	50. A
51. C	52. E	53. AD	54. A	55. BC	56. D	57. AE	58. B	59. AC	60. AB

61—75 一題 2 分

61. A	62. C	63. D	64. B	65. D	
66. A	67. D	68. A	69. C	70. B	71. C

72. When a cat is happy, its tail is like this.

73. When a cat is scared, its tail is like this.

74. When a cat is friendly, its tail is like this.

75. When a cat playing or hunting, its tail may be like this.