高雄市正義中學高中部 112 學年度第一學期第三次段考高三英文科試題卷

考試範圍:龍騰版 B1~B5全 + 學測歷屆 112~102 科目代號:33

命題教師:黃裕凱

注意:請寫明班級、姓名、座號,並劃清楚於答案卡(卷)上。若因劃錯或劃記不清楚而導致讀卡失敗者,將扣平時成績5分。非選擇題請用黑色或藍色筆在「答案卷」上作答,切勿使用鉛筆,否則不予

	計分。遵守考場規則,違者依校規處置。77題之後請寫在答案卷上面!!!								
第	第一部分: 單選題 (92%) Choose the BEST answer!								
I.	文意字彙 30% (共出 30 題, 每題 1 分, 共 30 分)								
	Following Mahatma Gandhi, Martin Luther King, Jr the creed of nonviolence in								
	his campaign for civil rights.								
2.	(A) permitted (B) preached (C) preempted (D) penetrated The documentary about all sorts of pollution in Taiwan pricked my and made me fully realize that I was not doing enough.								
	(A) evaluation (B) conscience (C) eloquence (D) confrontation								
3.	The police gratefully the help and cooperation of many members of the public in								
4.	solving this mysterious crime. (A) acknowledged (B) underestimated (C) guaranteed (D) quarantined Despite being a critical success and winning a number of awards, the film was a failure, losing its helpless financiers a great deal of money.								
	(A) democratic (B) compassionate (C) prominent (D) commercial								
5.	America has changed a lot in terms of its social in recent years, mainly as a result								
	of the growing number of immigrants.								
	(A) highlight (B) invasion (C) composition (D) measurement								
6.	Classroom is a term teachers use to describe the process of ensuring that classroom lessons run smoothly without disruptive interruptions from the students compromising the delivery of instruction.								
	(A) modesty (B) demonstration (C) ambition (D) management								
7.	Many passengers like to take the window seat in order to enjoy the and								
	magnificent view from the plane.								
8.	(A) spectacular (B) miraculous (C) reproductive (D) revolutionary To understand the relationship between birth order and academic performance, the researcher decided to a survey, hoping to collect more concrete evidence for further investigation.								
	(A) exploit (B) conduct (C) designate (D) paralyze								
9.	The policeman found a dead male body in the woods. It must have been for a while								
	because of its super disgusting smell and apparently decayed four limbs.								
	(A) associating (B) transporting (C) replicating (D) decomposing								
10	Traffic lights have just three colors: red, yellow, and green. In order to ensure your								
	own safety, please be sure to follow them whenever you cross the intersection.								
	(A) barely (B) shortly (C) typically (D) thoroughly								
11	. At most counties, people reaching the legal age have the right to vote. However,								
	was not available for women until the late19th century and became universal after WWI.								
	(A) alimony (B) suffrage (C) custody (D) autonomy								
12	. The company's announcement of the new construction project has received								
	support from local residents, so it is rumored that the executive team is considering								

13.	Drunk driving should be strictly, for people's lives in deadly situation.		
14.	(A) dispersed (B) promoted Spontaneous drawing and writing are said to	one's brain	, increase creativity, and
	release stress. That is, it is a great mind exerci (A) alleviate (B) accumulate	se, and you are supple (C) simulate	oosed to give it a shot. (D) stimulate
15.	Corrupt officials and misguided policies have its people with enormous foreign debts.		
16.	(A) frustrated (B) appointed People have every right to study and learn.	They shouldn't be _	(D) rendered of the freedom to
	receive higher education and pursue advanced (A) captured (B) deprived	(C) speculated	(D) sponsored
17.	Becoming emotional is not an issueabruptly experience strong feelings and lost co	to teenagers. Peop ontrol.	le of different ages can
18.	(A) peculiar (B) profound The company made a(n) response to the		
	to work with a flexible schedule beginning fro (A) prompt (B) original	m today.	
19.	People often quarrel or fight over trivial thir should learn to be more to others and to	ngs. To avoid this	unpleasant situation, we
20	(A) resistant (B) controversial	(C) theoretical	(D) courteous
20.	Many people in Taiwan called for joint eff Namely, The increasing number of police on see.	at midnight	is what people expect to
	(A) prolong (B) protest	(C) patrol	(D) patron
21.	The weather bureau that the typhoon	would bring strong	winds and heavy rains,
	and warned everyone of the possible danger.		
	(A) persisted (B) predicted	(C) navigated	(D) interpreted
22.	The environmental group has a park maintain its natural beauty and delicate ecosys	and is now providi tem.	ng various resources to
	(A) monitored (B) wheedled		
	This distinguished author writes children short novels for young adults.		
	(A) crucially (B) primarily	(C) impartially	(D) narrowly
24.	(A) crucially (B) primarily There has been a territorial between occasional conflicts which never escalate to late	rge-scale warfare.	
	(A) dispute (B) approach	(C) discipline	(D) contempt
	Few people will trust you if you continue mak	ing promises	s and never make efforts
20	to keep them.		
26	(A) average (B) annual	(C) liberal	(D) hollow
26.	The atmosphere in the international conferen	nce room was	_ mystery and tension
	before the announcement of the next CEO and		
27	(A) heavy with (B) consistent with	(C) coping with	(D) contending with
21.	When the electricity went off abruptly, the who	ole office bec	cause no one could work
	on their computers or their confidential docum		1 ,*11
	(A) took to the streets	(B) came to a stand	istiil
	(C) turned a new leaf	(D) took a toll on	

(C) sedentary

(D) germane

(B) vehement

canceling it.

(A) lukewarm

28. Undoubtedly, the best to way to your is to master a foreign language and	According to the fund			
explore every related aspect of the target country where this language is spoken and used.	rights and freedoms of			
(A) catch/eye (B) broaden/horizons (C) take/action (D) follow/suit	life, away40 so			•
29. Tropical fruits pineapples and bananas are rich in vitamin C and good for your overall health.	murder again stands to death provides "legaliz			
(A) due to (B) regardless of (C) rather than (D) such as	who have a strong ob			
30. According to a recent study, the deadly widespread of coronavirus pandemic has already many unfortunate deaths of people worldwide.	murdering a murderer i "innocent man" might l			
(A) ended up (B) map out (C) resulted in (D) lead to	Are you going to supp			
(2) shall up (2) map out (3) read to	keep it in order to main			
II. 語法選擇 8% (共出 8 題, 每題 1 分, 共 8 分)	remain.			
31. To celebrate my successful completion of the doctoral dissertation, my family decided to	39. (A) pros and cons	S	(B) quality and quality	uantity
go on a trip to Kenya to watch the migration of wildlife species, were unique to Africa.	(C) similarities ar	nd differences	(D) crime and put	nishment
(A) and which (B) many of them (C) and it (D) many of which	40. (A) from/from	(B) from/to	(C) to/from	(D) to/to
32. This car crash left Jessica with a leg. Worse still, the multinational corporation she	41. (A) Nevertheless	(B) Furthermore	(C) Accordingly	(D) Consequently
runs is facing, which might let this lady go	42. (A) by itself	(B) in itself	(C) for itself	(D) of itself
(A) broke/ bankrupt/ broken (B) broken/ bankrupt/ broke	43. (A) by design	(B) on impulse	(C) deliberately	(D) accidentally
(C) broke/ bankruptcy/ broken (D) broken/ bankruptcy/ broke 33. She made a suggestion that Kevin a habit of chewing bubble gums in order to	44. (A) admonition	(B) repression	(C) abolition	(D) retention
quit smoking and stay healthy.		•	,	,
(A) form (B) forms (C) formed (D) be formed	B. You must have hea	ard of alternative ener	gy, such as solar powe	r and wind power.
34. Super wealthy people often purchase expensive jewelry to show off their high social	However, has it ever oc			
status. Some experts this act of promoting self-image conspicuous	Found in everything f	from Italian spaghett	i to garden salads, t	omatoes add a(n)
consumption.	_		iners' taste buds. Unf	
(A) regard/into (B) look upon/as (C) consider/to (D) think of/X 35. The raging fire a tragedy, but thanks to those courageous firefighters, everyone	tomatoes that are plant		=	
made a successful escape out of the burning building. Thus, no injured cases were	excessive rain, or insect tomatoes, greenhouse,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
reported.	worsening global warm	-	-	
(A) can cause (B) should cause (C) was to cause (D) could have caused	quite a few researcher	-		
36. It me that I should have attended my daughter's piano recital yesterday. She must	scientific knowledge. T			
be very disappointed now!	are stored in a sealed co			
(A) dawned on (B) struck to	added, it immediately s			
(C) flashed to my mind (D) occurred through my mind	electrons are released fithat acts like a battery.	-	-	
37. Many private high schools offer of scholarships as an incentive to attract outstanding students to enroll in their schools.	of electric power in the			
(A) a large amount (B) a great number (C) a great deal (D) a large sum	stage and the total amo			
88. Choose the <u>CORRECT</u> sentence.	have initiated an envir		*	• • • • •
(A) Exhausting from a day of work, I sprawled on the bed and fell asleep soon.	attention!			
(B) The United States is viewed as a land of great opportunity by many immigrants.	45. (A) sneak	(B) proximity	(C) splash	(D) output
(C) Laura determined to become an English professor, she worked all day long.	46. (A) bring about	(B) scribble down	(C) accounts for	(D) breathes in
(D) Had it not been for your constant encouragement, I might fail the final exam.	47. (A) to	(B) into	(C) for	(D) within
II. 綜合測驗 12% (共出 12 題,每題 1 分,共 12 分)	48. (A) that	(B) which	(C) what	(D) how
A. Are you for or against capital punishment? let us weigh the39 of it by	49. (A) ,it breaks	(B) it breaking	(C) broken	(D) breaking
taking in two competing points of view. People in favor of the death penalty hold the belief that there is no reason a killer can be kept alive.	• • •	(B) Until	(C) Despite	(D) If

IV. 文意選填 10% (共出 10 題, 每題 1 分, 共 10 分) (不考慮大小寫)(每選項只填一次)

The intense, daily use of our eyesight makes people nowadays 51 to dry eyes and eyestrain, which may lead to vision health risks. So, what can we do to keep our eves in good health in addition to taking dietary supplements? Human vision works when our eyes receive light. When light passes through the eye, it 52 the macular part of the retina, creating an image in the brain. 53 use of electronic gadgets in a low-light environment causes a large amount of light from the device to enter the eyes. which may cause eye 54 or even macular degradation in the long term. Vitamin E and lutein are the most important 55 that help our eyes fight the stress and damage caused by light. Vitamin E protects DHA from free radicals and has antioxidant effects on other eye tissues. According to a study in the Journal of the American Medical Association, the regular weekly 56 of nuts reduces the risk of age-related macular degeneration. In addition, Harvard Medical School recommends protecting our vision by nutrients such as vitamin E. In animal experiments, researchers also found that lutein suppresses the free radicals and inflammation in the macular part of the retina. There are many types of lutein and vitamin E supplements available on the market, though 58 suggest that it's better to obtain them from natural foods. Dark green and orange vegetables are rich in lutein, while nuts provide high levels of vitamin E. Take almonds for example: A(n) 59 of 20 grams of almonds will offer nearly 40 percent of your recommended dietary intake of vitamin E. You can also choose products that contain raisins, goji berries and other dried fruit to take in anthocyanin or carotenoid. There are even nut products with added lutein, and these are all great ways to get a(n) of eye-protective nutrients all at once. Having a daily packet of nuts will help to protect your vision after a long day of staring at your computer!

A. nutrients B. ingesting C. stimulates D. dietitians E. consumption

AB. variety AC. packet AD. fatigue BC. prone BD. prolonged

V. 篇章結構 8% (共出 4 題, 每題 2 分, 共 8 分) (不考慮大小寫)

Since the beginning of 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic has affected billions of people's lives, changing the way that many of us work, learn, and travel. People are hoping that a vaccine will magically return everything to normal. __61__--stubbornly resisting efforts to stamp it out before gradually becoming less and less serious. In light of this possibility, ideas about what areas of our lives the pandemic will affect are also becoming increasingly wide-ranging.

In such a future, public health measures designed to reduce the spread of the virus will likely become the new normal. Small pandemic-resistant tweaks to our daily lives, such as using doors that don't require grasping a handle, will become common. __62_ And getting tested for the virus before visiting one's grandparents could become standard practice. Furthermore, going to work even when you're sick, seen as a positive quality in some working cultures, will likely result in serious consequences in the future.

Any new public health measures designed to combat COVID-19 will also likely affect some industries, either killing them or forcing them to evolve. As a result of lockdowns and social distancing, for example, movie theaters lost billions of dollars; __63__ To what extent certain industries are able to recover their traditional ways of making money will depend largely on how strict future public health measures will need to be.

But while some effects of the pandemic have been fairly easy to predict, others have been more unexpected. For example, much of the data used to forecast the weather is collected by commercial airplanes as they fly across the world. Now that flights are at an all-time low, meteorologists have much less data to go on, and this means our weather forecasts have become less accurate than before. __64__ A world where COVID-19 does not conveniently disappear will certainly present many challenges. For now, predicting and preparing for what those challenges might be is, unfortunately, the best we can do.

- (A) in the future, this lack of data may severely affect our ability to predict extreme weather, such as hurricanes, and to monitor climate change.
- (B) The moment an effective vaccine is developed, people stand on a good chance of totally staying away from COVID-19.
- (C) offices may begin sitting workers in enclosed individual cubicles once again, as opposed to the modern trend toward open-plan offices.
- (D) however, online streaming platforms saw a huge increase in popularity and profits.
- (E) however, some scientists predict that even after a vaccine is discovered, the coronavirus will still be with us for many years to come.

VI. 閱讀測驗 24% (共出 12 題, 每題 2 分, 共 24 分)

A. On November 24, 2018, local and municipal elections were held in Taiwan. In the weeks leading up to this Saturday, anticipation was high, and on election day, long lines of voters could be found at polling stations around the island, with some people waiting patiently for up to two to three hours for their chance to cast their votes. At the end of the day, after the votes had been counted, it became clear that the voters of Taiwan had expressed their opinions on a number of key issues.

To begin with, the 2018 election results were largely seen as a rebuke to the current President Tsai Ying-wen and the Democratic Progressive Party (DPP). The DPP had swept to power in the 2014 elections, and Tsai had been overwhelmingly voted into office in 2016. In this year's election, however, the rival Kuomintang (KMT) party took back many of the cities that the DPP had held. In a surprise to many, KMT candidate Han Kuo-yu was elected mayor of Kaohsiung, which for years had been a DPP stronghold. The KMT also won elections in Taichung and other traditional "green" areas. In Taipei, incumbent and independent Ko Wen-je narrowly defeated the KMT candidate.

The elections also gave Taiwanese citizens the opportunity to vote on a number of referendums. In the weeks before the election, supporters on both sides of several issues campaigned for public support, with rallies, marches, and social media posts. Perhaps the biggest issue was same-sex marriage, with three referendums focused on this matter. In what came as another surprise to many, an overwhelming majority in Taiwan agreed that "Civil Code regulations should restrict marriage to being between a man and a woman," with 69.4 percent of the people voting "yes" and only 26.3 percent voting "no."

Not everyone was happy with the election, however. Some complained that the wording of the referendums was confusing, while others stated that there were too many referendums for voters to deal with. A few even claimed that many voters, especially elderly ones, might not have fully understood all of the implications of the referendums.

Without a doubt, the 2018 elections will go down as one of the most important in Taiwan's history. Only time will tell if the next presidential election in 2020 will be just as significant.

- 65. What is the main point of this passage?
 - (A) To take a comprehensive look at the history of elections in Taiwan.
 - (B) To predict the results of local and municipal elections in Taiwan in 2020.
 - (C) To compare the 2018 elections in Taiwan with the 2018 elections in the U.S.A.
 - (D) To examine the results of the 2018 local and municipal elections in Taiwan.
- 66. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as one of the reasons why some people were unhappy with the elections?
 - (A) People had to wait too long in line to vote and many were turned away at voting stations before they could cast their ballots.
 - (B) There were too many referendums to vote on in this election.
 - (C) The wording of the referendums was confusing and hard to understand.
 - (D) Some people did not really understand the wording of the referendums and what effect the referendums might have.
- B. Four millennia ago, an ancient Babylonian wrote down what is possibly the first lullaby. It is a rather threatening lullaby, in which the baby is scolded for disturbing the house god with its crying and warned of terrifying consequences. It may have got the baby to sleep, but its message is far from comforting: If he/she does not stop crying, the demon will eat him/her. This lullaby may sound more scary than sleep-inducing, yet it is true that many lullabies—including those sung today—have dark undertones.

Research has shown that lullabies, when used correctly, can soothe and possibly even help to heal an infant; but it is the caretaker's voice and the rhythm and melody of the music that babies respond to, not the content of the song. Then, what is the function of the content? According to studies, some lullabies provide advice, like the Babylonian lullaby, and quite a few others offer the space to sing the unsung, say the unsayable. Lyrics to those lullabies can indeed be interpreted as a reflection of the caregiver's emotions.

Researchers believe that a large part of the function of lullabies is to help a mother vocalize her worries and concerns. The mother's fear of loss especially makes sense since the infant/toddler years of life are fragile ones. Since there is a special physical bond between mother and child during this period, mothers feel they can sing to their child about their own fears and anxieties. Lullabies, therefore, serve as therapy for the mother. In addition, the songs are seemingly trying to work some magic—as if, by singing, the mother is saying, "Sadness has already touched this house; no need to come by again."

- 67. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "undertones" in the first paragraph?
 - (A) Vocals.
- (B) Messages.
- (C) Consequences.
- (D) Whispers.
- 68. What does the author use to support the idea that lullabies can have a soothing effect?
 - (A) Examples found in history.
- (B) Research reports.

(C) Stories of caretakers.

(D) The author's personal experiences.

C. Who hasn't used a BAND-AID? In a world full of cuts, scrapes, blisters and bruises it seems hard to imagine life without those little adhesive bandages.

Of course, there have always been cuts and scrapes, but there haven't always been adhesive bandages. This fact was painfully clear to a young housewife name Josephine Dickson.

Back in 1920, this newlywed was living in New Brunswick, New Jersey, with her husband Earle. Though married life agreed with her, housekeeping did not. It was not that she didn't try. When Earle came home from his job as a cotton buyer at Johnson & Johnson, Josephine would always have dinner ready on the table. Unfortunately, she'd have several cuts or burns on her fingers. Without an adhesive bandage, Josephine had no easy way of bandaging her own cuts. Earle had to cut pieces of adhesive tape and cotton gauze and make a bandage for each wound. This happened day after day, and day after day Josephine needed more bandages. They were in a real bind.

Finally, after several weeks of kitchen accidents, Earle hit upon an idea. (Luckily, his idea was not to go out and hire a cook.) Earle sat down and prepared some ready-made bandages by placing squares of cotton gauze at intervals along an adhesive strip and covering them with crinoline. Now all Josephine had to do was cut off a length of the strip and wrap it over her cut. In a way, it was a housewife that was responsible for the invention of the BAND-AID Brand Adhesive Bandage.

Earle told his boss at work about his new invention and soon the first adhesive bandages were being produced and sold under the world famous BAND-AID trademark Earle was eventually rewarded with a position as Vice President in the company, where he stayed until his retirement. As for Josephine, history did not record whether she ever mastered the art of accident-free cooking. But we do know she had plenty of BAND-AID Brand Adhesive Bandages available just in case. Earle Dickson may not have realized what a cutting-edge product he had invented, but it certainly stuck around.

- 69. What is the main purpose of this article?
 - (A) To teach people how to avoid kitchen accidents by using BAND-AIDs.
 - (B) To record the manufacturing process of BAND-AIDs and how it was accepted by people.
 - (C) To detail the genuine story behind the invention of BAND-AIDs.
 - (D) To show how silly ideas can eventually lead to great inventions.
- 70. What is the writer's tone in this article?
 - (A) Melancholy.
- (B) Indifferent.
- (C) Humorous.
- (D) Sarcastic.
- 71. What does the author mean by saying "Though married life agreed with her, housekeeping did not."?
 - (A) Earle did not allow Josephine to do housework, and their marriage life was not happy.
 - (B) Josephine had a terrible marriage but she could keep the house very well.
 - (C) Josephine failed to keep house well and it was why their marriage wasn't approved by others.
 - (D) Earle and Josephine lived happily together, but Josephine had problems doing housework.

- 72. Which one of the following is true after BAND-AID Brand Adhesive Bandages were invented?
 - (A) Earle was appreciated by his boss, and he got a promotion.
 - (B) Josephine never cut her fingers again when cooking.
 - (C) Earle eventually owned the company and stayed there until he retired.
 - (D) People would not use adhesive tape and cotton gauze anymore.
- D. Electronic devices, such as computers, laptops, and smartphones, indeed facilitate our life. Our craving for new gadgets never fades. We constantly dump our old devices the moment we have a new one. All these obsolete and abandoned electronics, usually less than three years old, become electronic waste, or e-waste.

E-waste isn't any ordinary waste. It consists of extremely toxic substances, like mercury, lead, cadmium, arsenic, beryllium, and brominated flame retardants. These toxic substances released from e-waste are likely to permeate into soil, water, and the air, and they contaminate the environment and pose a threat to human health. Studies show that if our human body absorbs these toxic chemicals, we are prone to cancer or diseases of respiratory and reproductive systems. What's worse, the toxic substances in e-waste cannot decompose over time, and will accumulate and then compromise the biosphere. Hence, e-waste must be recycled instead of simply being dumped in the landfill or burned in the incinerator.

To our dismay, only a small amount of e-waste is properly recycled. What's even more tragic is that a certain percentage of recycled e-waste is not appropriately disposed of, which causes more harm and pollution. A recent survey conducted by Greenpeace has found severe pollution in Ghana, Africa, resulting from the imported recycled e-waste from developed countries. In Ghana, unemployed men or children run the risk of being seriously harmed when they take recycled electronics apart, burning them or steeping them in acid to obtain valuable metals without wearing any protective gear.

Undoubtedly, e-waste will be a problem continuing to haunt us. We need to work on a better solution to this problem. Many countries are still trying to lay down more rigid and effective regulations on recycling e-waste. With efforts put forth, we will be able to stop damaging our planet while we enjoy the convenience of electronic gadgets.

- 73. What is the main idea of this passage?
 - (A) Electronic products nowadays are advanced and indeed make our life better and better.
 - (B) The problem of e-waste has seriously impacted the computer and smartphone market.
 - (C) E-waste recycling is not only eco-friendly but also a clever way to boost economy.
 - (D) It is necessary to recycle e-waste properly, or we as well as our planet will suffer.
- 74. According to the passage, how do most people deal with electronics they do not want?
 - (A) Send them to the recycling center.
 - (B) Turn them into other gadgets.
 - (C) Throw them away along with other trash.
 - (D) Use acid to break them down.

- 75. According to the passage, who is most likely to be affected by inappropriate e-waste recycling?
 - (A) Enthusiastic Greenpeace volunteers.
 - (B) Workers with low wages in the U.S.
 - (C) Children who dropped out of school in Taiwan.
 - (D) African men who were just laid off.
- 76. Which of the following about e-waste is NOT true?
 - (A) Around the world, there is already a shared set of rigid rules on e-waste.
 - (B) The business of electronics is thriving because most e-gadgets are soon deserted.
 - (C) Humans will get sick if exposed to the poisonous substances released from it.
 - (D) It can be neither burned nor buried under the ground because it never breaks down.

第二部分:混合題 8% (共出 4 題, 每題 2 分, 共 8 分) (答案請寫在答案卷上面, 否則不予計分!!!)

In June 2015, the *Washington Post* and the BBC both ran remarkable articles on a moving survival story which came out of Colombia, South America. The following first-person account is based on these reports and describes the incredible real-life events from the perspective of one of the two survivors.

- ① Apart from its heavy load of coconuts and fish, there were just three of us on the aircraft: pilot, myself, and my one-year-old baby boy, Yudier. We had just taken off from Nuqui and would be landing in Quibdo soon. At least, that is what I imagined.
- ② It happened around twenty minutes after take-off. I have no idea what went wrong in the cockpit, but it seemed as if the aircraft was out of control. Then, the plane dived sharply and all I could do was try to hold on to the seat and to my child.
- ③ Seconds later, there was a violent crash as we tore through the tree branches and smashed into the jungle floor. The next thing I knew, the inside of the airplane was on fire, and I was fighting for my life to open the small cabin door.
- ④ I finally managed to bend it open and, terrified of the flames, ran a number of steps into the dense jungle. It was then that my mind finally began to clear a little, and I suddenly remembered Yudier.
- (5) Without thinking, I immediately ran back into the burning aircraft. Though the fire licked at my face and limbs, I found him and carried him out as fast as I could. It's a miracle that he was completely unhurt.
- (6) With my baby safely outside, a new fear seized me. I thought the wreck was going to explode, so I stopped just long enough to collect some coconuts. Then we left the shattered plane and the pilot's lifeless body behind and simply stumbled into the jungle.

- (7) After about half a kilometer, I finally stopped and sat down beside a river, breathing hard and slowly rocking Yudier until he stopped crying. I realized then, for the first time, that my ankle was broken.
- The next few days were the longest of my life. I built a basic shelter right on that spot and collected rainwater with large leaves. This, along with the unripe coconuts, kept us alive until the fifth day, when we finally heard the rescue party calling our names.
- 77. Which word used in the text above is most likely to mean "the section of an aircraft reserved for the pilot"? (2 分)
- 78. Which of the following statements are NOT mentioned in the text above? (多選)(4分)
 - (A) The exact cause of the plane's sudden descent and dramatic crash.
 - (B) The destination that this airplane was heading for when it crashed.
 - (C) The distance between the wreck and the survivors' temporary shelter.
 - (D) What the mother and child survived on during their time in the jungle.
 - (E) The age of the little child that somehow survived this horrific accident.
 - (F) The time of day when the pair were finally rescued by the search party.
- 79. Using the text above as a guide, fill in the table below which summarizes the condition that the rescue team would have found the survivors in. (4 分)

	Child	Mother
Level of hydration	Partially dehydrated.	Partially dehydrated.
Major injuries	None.	Broken 79-1
Burns suffered	None.	On leg, arm, and 79-2
Other complaints	None.	None.

112-1 高三英文試題卷 11

高雄市正義中學高中部 112 學年度第一學期第三次段考高三英文科試題解答

考試範圍: 龍騰版 B1-B5 全+學測歷屆 112~102 全 科目代號:33

命題教師:黃裕凱

I. 文意字彙 30% (共出 30 題, 每題 1 分, 共 30 分)

1.	В	2.	\mathbf{B}	3.	A	4.	D	5.	C
6.	D	7.	A	8.	В	9.	D	10.	\mathbf{C}
11.	В	12.	A	13.	D	14.	D	15.	\mathbf{C}
16.	В	17.	A	18.	A	19.	D	20.	\mathbf{C}
21.	В	22.	C	23.	В	24.	A	25.	D
26.	A	27.	В	28.	В	29.	D	30.	C

II. 語法選擇 8% (共出 8 題, 每題 1 分, 共 8 分)

31.	D	32.	D	33.	A	34.	В	35.	D
36.	A	37.	В	38.	В				

III. 綜合測驗 12% (共出 12 題, 每題 1 分, 共 12 分)

Α.									
39.	A	40.	A	41.	B	42.	B	43.	D
44.	C								
В.		*							
45.		46.		47.	P	48.	D	49.	D

45.	\mathbf{C}	46.	C	47.	В	
50.	A					

IV. 文意選填 10% (共出 10 題, 每題 1 分, 共 10 分)

51.	BC	52.	C	53.	BD	54.	AD	55.	A
56.	E	57.	В	58.	D	59.	AC	60.	AB

V. 篇章結構 8% (共出 4 題, 每題 2 分, 共 8 分)

61.	E	62.	C	63.	D	64.	A	
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VI.	閱讀測驗	24%	(共出	12 題	, 每題2	分,	共 24	分)
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A. D A 65. B. B \mathbf{B} 67. 68. C. D A 72. 69. 71. 70. D. A D 76. D 75. 73. 74.

VII. 混合題 8% (共出 4 題, 每題 2 分, 共 8 分)

77. Cockpit 78. AF 79-1. ankl	e 79-2.	face
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