高雄市正義中學高中部 112 學年度第一學期期末考英文科試題(高二)
班級
範圍: 1、三民版英文第 3 冊 L8.9.10。2、LIVE 雜誌 12 月號。
◆劃卡說明:科目代碼:英文 33
注意:請寫明班級、姓名、座號,並劃清楚於答案卡(卷)上。若因劃錯或劃記不清楚
而導致讀卡失敗者,將扣平時成績總分5分。非選擇題請用藍、黑色中性筆書寫,
否則不計分。
第 1~60 題請將答案劃記在電腦卡上)
一、克漏字選擇:20%(每題 1 分)
1. "Choose Love" is a popup store that opens on an irregular basis in London and New
York. Unlike many stores1_ people can shop for themselves, this store allows buyers
to buy gifts for underprivileged refugees. "Shop your heart out, leave with nothing, and
feel the love" is the slogan of the store. It is regarded as one of the most active
organizations working on the serious refugee crisis in Europe.
2 the Choose Love store, people are able to convey their love and sincere
concern to refugees in need of help by making purchases. Some people may wonder what
they can buy in this kind of store. The items3 in the Choose Love store demonstrate
the different needs refugees have. When the refugees arrived at Europe's borders, they
were often4_ day-to-day survival and probably wouldn't have enough food, clothing,
blankets, and sleeping bags. These can protect them from the chill at night and make their
living conditions in refugee camps more comfortable. They also require other necessities
for everyday life, such as lamps and meal ingredients. Aside from legal services and
medical care, the Choose Love store also offers products5_ the refugees to help them
adapt to their new countries, like dictionaries, school bags, and so on. Hopefully, with such
aid, these people who are forced to abandon their countries can feel at home in the new
land.

1.	(A) which	(B) where	(C) that	(D) when
2.	(A) In addition to	(B) Next to	(C) Up to	(D) Thanks to
3.	(A) feature	(B) features	(C) featuring	(D) featured
4.	(A) taking off	(B) asking for	(C) struggling for	(D) showing off
5.	(A) to	(B) for	(C) with	(D) by

2. Celebrations are a central aspect of culture. Take the Pingxi Sky Lantern festival, taking place annually on the fifteenth day of the lunar New Year in northern Taiwan, for example. In the evening, hundreds of sky lanterns are released and watched __6__ up into the air. This event is said __7__ a very moving experience to see live, so it attracts many tourists each year. It is often covered by the international media, and it has a big impact on the local economy as well. So, what could possibly be the problem with this festival?

As the saying goes, what goes up must eventually come down. Year after year, hundreds of used lanterns are littered in the forests and mountains surrounding Pingxi after the Festival. The festival itself may be a wonderful photo opportunity, but the frames and wires __8_ behind are doing real harm to the environment. In response, people have begun organizing cleanup efforts nearby the town of Pingxi. Participants take large trash

pags up into the mountains,9 them up with used lanterns. Sometimes they don't
even have enough bags to finish the work!10 it is depressing, they know they are
nelping by volunteering their time.

6.	(A) float	(B) to float	(C) to floating	(D) floated
7.	(A) to be	(B) to have	(C) to have been	(D) that is
8.	(A) caused	(B) had	(C) left	(D) found
9.	(A) which filling	(B) fills	(C) filled	(D) filling
10,	(A) While	(B) Despite	(C) In spite of	(D) Even

3. According to Greek mythology, as soon as the Trojan Prince Paris saw Helen, he fell in love with her. Despite the fact __11__ Helen was married to the king of Sparta, Paris somehow talked her into running off with him. As a result, Helen's husband, the king of Sparta, was __12__ furious __12__ he decided to take revenge by declaring war on Troy. He even called on other Greek states to fight Troy. Thus, the Trojan War started.

However, ten years passed and thousands of Greek soldiers died, but the Greek allies were still not able __13__ Troy. Eventually, a Greek hero named Odysseus came up with a very clever idea. He had his men __14__ a huge wooden horse that was hollow and ordered a group of armed soldiers to hide inside it. Next, the Greek army pretended to accept defeat. But before sailing home, they left the wooden horse __15__ by the gate of Troy. Supposing this to be a gift of peace, the Trojans dragged it into their city. Then, they started feasting. Later that night, the Greek soldiers in the horse crept out and opened the city gate. The rest of the Greek army launched a successful surprise attack, putting an end to the Trojan war and achieving victory.

11.	(A) that	(B) what	(C) which	(D) whether
12.	(A) such; that	(B) enough; to	(C) so; that	(D) too; to
13.	(A) of conquer	(B) of conquering	(C) to conquer	(D) to conquering
14.	(A) built	(B) builds	(C) building	(D) build
15.	(A) stood	(B) standing	(C) stand	(D) stands

4. Windibank didn't allow Mary to go to social events. However, he frequently took business trips. On one such trip, Mary went to a ball. At the ball, she met her eventual fiancé, Hosmer Angel. __16__, the couple secretly continued with their romance. When Windibank was at home, the couple communicated by writing letters. One day, Mr. Angel proposed to Mary, and she accepted. But when their wedding day arrived, Mr. Angel vanished and __17__ again.

16. (A) From then on (B) On the contrary (C) Regardless of it (D) On the other hand 17. (A) never seen (B) was never seen (C) had never seen (D) had never been seen

5. Marseille is a city in southern France. It delivers a wonderful mix of Mediterranean charm and exciting modern culture. There is a huge range of things that will interest travelers of all kinds. You can start your trip by exploring the Museum of European and Mediterranean Civilization (MUCEM) and Fort Saint-Jean. These buildings contain wonderful exhibitions. Next, head to the Marseille Cathedral, __18__ is one of the largest cathedrals in France. The Old Port of Marseille is another must-see spot. Hotels, seafood

	restaurants, and cates line the waterfront. It is a popular place for people to watch the								
	sun set19, head to Le Panier. It is the oldest quarter of Marseille, and it is20								
the	the Artists' District because many art galleries can be found there.								
18.	(A) it	(B) that	(C) which	(D) where					
19.	(A) Even so	(B) After all	(C) Since then	(D) From there					
20.	(A) cast as	(B) known as	(C) capable of	(D) turned down by					
<u> </u>	綜合選擇: 20%(每	延顧 1 分)							
		e in London is a famo	ous building.						
		(B) complex		(D) similar					
22.	• •	two cough medicin	• •	, ,					
			(C) progresses	(D) processes					
23.		to each of the world							
	(A) village	(B) discounts	(C) paths	(D) continents					
24.	Henry his ba	nd habits and will try	to change them.						
	(A) roasts	(B) recognizes	(C) surrounds	(D) appeals					
25.	Toby owns a small	truck, and he will he	elp me my :	stuff.					
	(A) transfer	(B) transform	(C) translate	(D) transport					
26.	Grace	Jim was offe	ered the post; the po	osition was left vacant.					
	(A) Either; or	(B) Neither; nor	(C) Whether; or	(D) Not only; but also					
27.	Most of us cannot	really imagine life in	n a refugee camp. To	ens of thousands of families					
	live in very crowde	d conditions,	by fences.						
	(A) and surrounded	d	(B) surrounding						
	(C) which surround	led [®]	(D) surrounded						
28.	The statistics show	that the population	of the country has o	dropped five percent					
	from 2010 to 2020	•							
	(A) in	(B) with	(C) by	(D) at					
29.		n girls in her							
			(C) any other						
30.			iming, cycling, and r						
			(C) consists of						
31.			fire, only it b						
	(A) to see	• •	(C) see	(D) to seeing					
32.		new day a cu	•						
			(C) neither; nor	(D) not; but					
33.	•	Isomething							
				(D) might have eaten					
34.		·	for the last two	weeks. If it doesn't't					
	stop, my clothes w	•	/=\						
	(A) has been rainin	_	(B) has raining						
	(C) has been rained	t	(D) has being rainir	ng					

	35.	green tea can help pe	ple lose weight.		
		(A) It is believing that	(B) It b	elieves that	
		(C) It is believed that		believed to)
	36.	the weather tomorrow	v, Freddie will eith	er go hiking	gor read at home.
		(A) Depending on	(B) To	depend on	
		(C) Depended on	(D) By	depending o	on
	37.	Joe sometimes Jill	his wife, but th	ney are not a	actually married.
		(A) thinks; as (B) consider			
	38.	Vehicles it possible for	people to travel	long distand	ces.
	39.	The government commande	d that plastic bags	du	ie to environmental issues
		(A) are banned (B) not be			
	40.	is the development of			
		(A) It (B) What	(C) Wh	ether	(D) No matter what
	= 、	文意選填:10%(每題1分)			
Ÿ		The Oxford Committee for I	amine Relief kno	wn as "Oxfa	m." was founded in Oxford
	in	1942. It raised money from			
ì		eece during World War II. T			
beginning, becoming the world's most famous charitable organization. After the war, Oxfam continued its work due to the43 in Europe. The war left					
millions of homeless44 They desperately needed food and45 during the cold					
winter months. In 1947, Oxfam opened its first shop in Oxford to raise money. It sold gifts and accepted items from the public to sell. The organization advertised in national					
	1	wspapers to raise public awar			
					re stable, Oxfam turned its
	att	ention to46 the needs of	-		
		edicine, and clothing to help			
		70s onward, the charity ope			
		vertised on TV to47 info			
	1	nine in the 1980s.		Ü	
			k with groups fr	om other	countries. In 1995, Oxfam
	Int	ernational was formed, a g			
		48 Oxfam continues its wo			
		ainst poverty." This charity ha			
		ople in need. They can obtain			
	"		•		e 饑荒;charitable 慈善的
	(A) I	ocal (B) borders (C) shelte	r (D) crisis (E)		
	V. 7	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

(F) model (G) refugees (H) pass on (I) catering to (J) slogan

四、篇章結構:4%(每題1分)

A. Once, he was fighting against some Greek soldiers in the northern tip of ancient Greece, on the border between Greece and a kingdom called Macedonia.

- B. The brothers grew their crops successfully, and the Greeks and Macedonians became friends.
- C. In fact, the brothers secretly hoped to find the magical rock that could defeat Ares.
- D. One day, as Ares was distracted by a battle, Athena picked up a large stone and threw it at him; it knocked him out and made him miss the battle.

According to legend, Ares, the fearsome Greek god of war, was once defeated by an unexpected enemy. Ares enjoyed war more than anything. He liked fighting people and fellow gods over even the smallest issues. __51_ The Macedonians often tried to cross this border into Greece to conquer Greek cities. Because Ares never liked to miss a battle, he watched the border closely, waiting for war to begin. Once men started fighting, he jumped down into the middle of the battle, shouting with joy as Greeks and Macedonians fell around him. Athena, the goddess of wisdom, watched her half-brother Ares angrily; she believed that the Greeks were right to defend their land. __52__ The Greeks ended up winning, and Ares never knew what had happened to him. After that day, a rumor began that the mighty god Ares had been defeated by a magical rock! Few people believed this rumor, but two Greek brothers found it interesting. These two young men owned the field on which battles kept happening, and it was difficult for them to grow crops with people fighting all the time. Therefore, they started collecting large stones. Their neighbors wondered if they were planning to build a wall to keep the Macedonians out. __53_ They hid in the field for several nights before Ares showed up, looking to start another battle between the Greeks and Macedonians. The two brothers sprang into action and started throwing the stones at Ares. Magical or not, one of the stones hit Ares in the back of the head, and he was knocked out before he knew what had happened. The brothers quickly put Ares into a large pot, which they closed with a tight-fitting lid. Afterward, the field finally saw peace. __54__ Ares was stuck in the pot for many years before his brother Hermes, the messenger god, finally rescued him. However, Ares never returned to the field, perhaps believing that the story about the magical rocks was true!

五、閱讀素養題&混合題 : 9%(55~60 題(6%)請畫卡; 61 題(3%)請寫在答案卷)

Diwali is an important festival in India. It marks the beginning of winter and families will decorate their homes with beautiful lights to please Goddess Lakshmi. At that time, people watch beautiful firecrackers and have delicious meals together with their families.

But there is a dark side of this festival. Nowadays, Diwali is also regarded as "the festival of pollution" by locals. During the festival, the air becomes almost 300 times more polluted than the World Health Organization's standard for healthy air. Harmful ingredients in firecrackers are released into the air so much that many people have been reported to get ill throughout the festival. Over the years, the Delhi government has been distributing anti-pollution masks during Diwali to help people fight against the poisonous air.

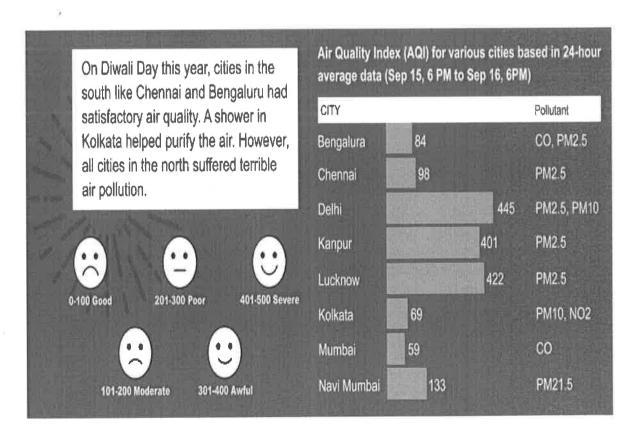
Why do people in New Delhi seem to be willing to live in the air pollution? One is because it is invisible to the naked eye. Also, the festival is so much loved that some even deny the truth that firecrackers have an impact on the environment. To be honest, Diwali is important to Indians. And it is impossible to abolish certain practices such as putting lights around the house. However, authorities and NGOs are working hard to change

people's habits. It is understandable that people want to celebrate, but eco-friendly options like low energy lights can also be used to replace traditional firecrackers.

Nowadays, the Indian government has made efforts to tell people that clean air is priceless. Changing lifelong habits is hard, but if people understand that their health is in danger, perhaps the way Indians celebrate Diwali can be changed and will become more eco-friendly in the near future.

- 55. Which of the following statements about Diwali is NOT true?
 - (A) Visitors to India during Diwali usually see colorful lights.
 - (B) Delicious cuisine plays an important part during Diwali.
 - (C) It signals the arrival of winter and is an important festival to India.
 - (D) People decorate their houses to worship goddess during Diwali.
- 56. Which of the following can best replace the word "distributing" in the second paragraph?
 - (A) Logging in. (B) Handing out. (C)Crowding out. (D) Catering to.
- 57. According to the last paragraph, what idea does the government try to convey to its people?
 - (A) Devote yourself and work for the NGOs.
 - (B) Stop being superstitious and listen to yourself.
 - (C) Open your eyes and look things with your heart.
 - (D) What you set off is not a joke. It will make you choke.
- 58. What is the author's attitude toward the change of people's habits during Diwali?
 - (A) Modest.
- (B) Offensive.
- (C) Hopeful.
- (D) Pessimistic.

混合題



	India's Air Quality							
	Health Impact	Health Advise						
\odot	Minimal impact	No cautious actions required.						
(++)		Sensitive people should consider reducing long-term outdoor work.						
<u>:</u>	May cause severe attack on short term exposure in high risk individuals.	Children and adults with lung disease should reduce long-term outdoor work.						
(<u>·</u>)	May cause mild respiratory problems in normal people.	More caution for children and adults with lung and heart disease.						
6	May cause respiratory effects even in healthy people.	Everyone should avoid all outdoor activity.						
	Vhich of the following city had the pollutant teport?	hat was NOT found in the other cities in the						
60. <i>A</i>	(A) Lucknow. (B) Delhi. (C) Kolkata. (D) Bengaluru.							
六、文意字彙: 15%(每題 1 分) 1. "To be, or not to be, that is the question," is a famous qn from Hamlet, written by William Shakespeare.								
	After retirement, the banker escaped the hustle and bustle of the city and chose to stay in a small village sded by beautiful mountains.							
	After years of research, Maggie finally came the encountered at work.	up with a pl solution to the problem						
	Originally, Carrie faced many cs at her her he started to make some friends.	new school. She finally felt at home when						
	rom Ann's g e smile, we can tell that s	he likes our idea very much.						

8.	Mother Teresa ced to charities and aid organizations her whole life.
9.	My brother is trying to pe my parents to buy him the latest and most stylish smartphone.
10.	She st guidance from her mentor when faced with a difficult decision.
11.	Students were taught how to recognize and avoid touching ps plants in the wild.
12.	The house was aned two decades ago because of an earthquake, which made the house collapse.
13.	The police tried not to $o_{\underline{}}$ k any clues to the murder while they were investigating it.
14.	The queen ded that she will retire next year and her son will come to the throne.
15.	With regular hands-on learning activities in class, students will be able to rn more of the skills they have learned.
七、	引導式翻譯 8%(每格 1 分)
♦	做人要誠實這想法已經深植 Ethan 心中。
	The idea of being honest has12 in Ethan's mind.
♦	這種百合花散發一種獨特的香味。
	This kind of lily34 a unique scent.
♦	由於中風發作,總經理不得不取消會議。
	Having a stroke, the general manager had no choice but to56the
	meeting.
*	Rosie 對於祖母離世一事過了好久才釋懷。
	It took Rosie a long while to78the death of her grandmother.
л,	改寫或合併句子(6%)(每題 2 分)
	It is reported that the businessman gave hundred million dollars to help refugees.
	(請以 The businessman 開頭改寫句子)
2.	Amy turned to her homeroom teacher for help.
_	That was her father's advice. (請用 Amy's father advised合併句子。)
3.	I am sure many people saw Tim cheat on the test last week. (請用 must have 放入上面描述裡適當的位置並改寫句子。)
	Many people
九、	中翻英 (8%)(每題 2 分)

- 1. 現今,消費者根據網路評論決定要去哪裡用餐是很常見的
- 2. 然而,不誠實的評論可能會對餐廳的聲譽造成嚴重損害。
- 3. 許多人採用日行一萬步的做法以保持身體健康。
- 4. 步行對身體施加較小的壓力,同時是一種有效的運動形式。

Mike d____es a pay raise after he has devoted himself to his job for so many years.

It seems quite difficult for the bird to s_____w that huge chunk of bread.

高雄市正義中學高中部 112 學年度第一學期期末考英文科答案(高二)

一、克漏字選擇:20%(每題 1 分)

1-5 BDDCA 6-10 BACDA 11-15 ACCDB 16-20 ABCDB

二、綜合選擇:20%(每題1分)

21-25 CADBD 26-30 BDCDC 31-35 ABDAC 36-40 ACACA

三、文意選填:10%(每題 1分)41-45 AEDGC 46-50 IHBJF

四、篇章結構: 4% 51-54 ADCB

五、閱讀素養顯&混合題 (9%) (第 61 題譜寫在答案卷) 55-60 ABD CBB

61. Delhi, Kanpur, and Lucknow.

六、文意字量 (15%)

1,	quotation	2.	surrounded	3.	practical
4.	crises	5.	genuine	6.	swallow
7.	deserves	8.	contributed	9.	persuade
10.	sought	11.	poisonous	12.	abandoned
13.	overlook	14.	declared	15.	retain

七、引導式翻譯 8%(每格 1分)

1.	taken	2.	root	3.	gives
4.	off	5.	call	6.	off
7.	get	8.	over		

八、改寫或合併句子(6%)(每題 2 分)

- 1. The businessman is reported to have given hundred million dollars to help refugees.
- 2. Emily's father advised that she turn to her homeroom teacher for help.
- 3. Many people must have seen Tim cheat on the test last week.

九、中翻英 (8%)(每題 2 分)

- 1. Nowadays, it's common for consumers to decide where to dine based on online reviews.
- 2. However, dishonest reviews can cause serious damage to a restaurant's reputation.
- 3. Many people adopt the practice of walking 10,000 steps a day to maintain good health.
- 4. Walking puts less stress on the body and, at the same time, is an effective form of exercise.