

I. Vocabulary 20% 每題 2 分

- Please take off your shoes when you e\_\_\_\_r the room.
- For your s\_\_\_\_y, please fasten your seat belt.
- I would like to have my steak m\_\_\_\_m-rare, please.
- Go to bed early and you'll have more s\_\_\_\_h for a day.
- Mom likes to hang clothes on the b\_\_\_\_y.
- When Frank visits a new city, he usually tries their l\_\_\_\_l food.
- One of the s\_\_\_\_gs of Leo's guitar was broken.
- Mr. White believes that students will learn a lot through trial and e\_\_\_\_r.
- To play badminton well, holding the r\_\_\_\_t correctly is very important.
- The sports p\_\_\_\_ts, Victor, Giant, and Merida are sports brands that many people of all ages love.

II. Choice 40% 每題 2 分

- Both Lily and Jane \_\_\_\_\_ jogging every morning.  
A. likes            B. go                C. have been        D. are
- When there is a fire, you should run away, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. isn't it            B. don't you        C. isn't there        D. shouldn't you
- Not only you but also Tim \_\_\_\_\_ a walk after dinner every night.  
A. take                B. takes             C. have taken        D. are taking
- Susan has never been to Africa, and \_\_\_\_\_ Jack.  
A. so does            B. neither has      C. so has              D. neither does
- Jessie has to turn off all the lights before leaving the classroom, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. hasn't she        B. does she         C. doesn't she        D. has she
- The work was \_\_\_\_\_ difficult \_\_\_\_\_ finish in one day.  
A. so; to              B. enough; to      C. too; that            D. too; to
- The story of Snow White \_\_\_\_\_ over and over again.  
A. has told            B. was talked      C. has been told      D. was been telling
- Let's go to the store \_\_\_\_\_ we can buy the food for the party.  
A. where              B. which             C. who                 D. that

- One thing I like about your stories \_\_\_\_\_ that they are very touching.  
A. are                B. is                 C. X                    D. to
- The teenagers \_\_\_\_\_ on the motorcycles made a lot of noises.  
A. passed by        B. who passing by    C. were passing by    D. passing by
- If Helen \_\_\_\_\_ harder this time, she will pass the test and get a good grade.  
A. is studying      B. study              C. studies              D. will study
- After a few years' experience, finally Jonhson learned how to \_\_\_\_\_ all kinds of problems.  
A. put out            B. break out          C. deal with            D. get along
- Nothing beats parents' love toward their children, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. doesn't it        B. are they            C. does they            D. does it
- Samuel Smith, one of the most popular youtubers, \_\_\_\_\_ his followers free plane tickets to Toyko if they can answer ten questions correctly in five minutes.  
A. has given        B. gives                C. to give              D. giving
- This restaurant makes delicious chicken rice, so \_\_\_\_\_ always full of people at mealtime.  
A. it is                B. there is            C. they are             D. there are
- I haven't seen you for a long time. Where \_\_\_\_\_ recently?  
A. did you go        B. have you been     C. are you              D. have you gone
- So far no one knows \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. how it happened                            B. where did it happen  
C. when it was happened                      D. what he happened
- Kim told us a secret \_\_\_\_\_ all of us.  
A. surprised        B. which is surprising    C. was surprising to    D. that surprised
- Patty: Did you eat my ice cream?  
Jerry: I don't know \_\_\_\_\_, but I didn't do it. I just came back from my school.  
A. what you said                                B. who talked to  
C. why you would say that                    D. which said you
- The man \_\_\_\_\_ Fred was fighting \_\_\_\_\_ near the convenience store.  
A. who; lived        B. with whom; lives    C. X; hangs out        D. that; is riding

III. 依提示作答 20% 每題 4 分

- Joan always drinks tea in the morning, and her sister does, too. (將畫線部分改為 never)

2. Both Nick and I are good writers. (用 not only...but also....改寫句子)
3. The food in this restaurant is too delicious for us to miss. (用 so....that....改寫句子)
4. 台積電(TSMC)製造被用於許多電子裝置的高品質晶片。(中翻英)
5. 請將舊電器換成新的。(中翻英)

IV. 題組 20% 每題 1 分

A. (1~4)

Danny was having trouble 1. He also couldn't focus well. So he went online to see if he could find what was causing it. He discovered that his problems probably came from him always being on his phone. One article suggested that he spend some time each day away from his device. 2.

The first thing he did was to get a real alarm clock. Before, when his alarm was on his phone, he would wake up, grab his phone, turn off the alarm, and then spend an hour playing games or messaging his friends. Now he can start the day without his phone being the first thing he focuses on.

His next action was to go for a walk every day after school and leave his phone at home. At first all he could do was think about all the messages he was missing or all the games he wanted to finish playing. But after a few days, he found that he didn't miss his phone at all. In fact, 3. He found that he could actually think his own thoughts, daydream, or even just enjoy the sights and sounds of the park where he walked.

Finally, he began to put his phone away an hour before he needed to go to bed. He would put it in one room, and then go to another and read a book. 4, he was able to sleep well every night.

1. A. sleeping      B. sleep      C. to sleep      D. slept
2. A. He sold his phone      B. He decided to give it a try.  
C. He did what the teacher said.      D. His life got worse after reading the article
3. A. he enjoyed being without it      B. he left his phone on the bus  
C. he can't even live without it      D. he shared his phone with his brother
4. A. However      B. Besides      C. For example      D. From then on

B. (5~7)

In 2005, the New Oxford American Dictionary chose the word "podcast"—a combination of "iPod" and "broadcast"—as its Word of the Year. At the time, 5. However, over ten years later, podcasting has grown into a well-respected and highly popular form of media. In fact, more than 30% of Americans from 25 to 54 years old listen to a podcast at least once a month.

Although podcasts are similar in many ways to radio programs, 6. Podcasts can be downloaded and played at any time, and they also cover a much wider range of subjects than traditional radio programs. Truly, there are podcasts on just about every topic. From video games to ancient history—7, there is probably a podcast about it. So for those with busy lives who find it hard to make time for their hobbies, podcasts allow them to engage with their interests while doing something else, such as driving, riding to work on a bus, or running in the park.

Even though people nowadays often find it hard to pay attention for a long time, podcasts are seldom short. A podcast will usually last for about 45 minutes. However, some go on even longer, sometimes running for two or even three hours. For many people, listening to a podcast is like having a long conversation with a group of friends.

combination 結合 range 範圍 media 媒體 engage with 從事(興趣)

5. A. podcasts were highly respected  
B. podcasting was still a new thing  
C. podcasts were all free to download  
D. almost everyone had their own podcast
6. A. they share a lot of things in common  
B. people get used to listening to radio programs  
C. neither are very popular with young Americans  
D. there are some important differences between them
7. A. when people are bored      B. if a subject is interesting  
C. after somebody complains      D. if no one cares what happened

C. (8~10)

Alexander McQueen was one of the most popular British designers of today. Born in 1969, McQueen began to show an interest in fashion at a young age. When he was 16, he left school to learn from different fashion designers around the world. In 1994 he went back to England and studied again. Once finishing, he began work again and quickly became popular. From 1996 to 2003, he won the award "British Designer of the Year" four times.

McQueen's work was popular with many people over the world. However, because of his very special designs and fashion parties, he got the name of the bad boy in fashion. For example, he worked for Givenchy, one of the world's most famous clothing companies, for five years. During that time he created many beautiful sets of clothes. However, he also had some problems working for Givenchy, saying the place did not let him do as much with his clothes as he wanted.

Sadly, McQueen died on February 11, 2010 at the age of only 40. During his short but full life, Alexander McQueen made many beautiful clothes and inspired other designers around the world. His name will be remembered for years to come.

8. What is the best title for the reading?
- A. Alexander McQueen and Givenchy.
  - B. Alexander McQueen's Home Life.
  - C. How to Become a Famous Fashion Designer.
  - D. The Short but Full Life of McQueen.
9. Why did McQueen leave school early?
- A. He was not doing very well there.
  - B. He wanted to learn from different fashion designers.
  - C. His father died at a young age.
  - D. He did not like his teachers.
10. Why was McQueen called the bad boy of fashion?
- A. He was not nice to people around him.
  - B. He did not finish school as a child.
  - C. He had to leave the country for a while.
  - D. Some of his works were very special.

D. (11~12)

Only 68,401 km<sup>2</sup>, Tasmania is Australia's smallest state. It is a small triangular island. Two hundred years ago, Tasmania was a terrible place to be as it was where serious criminals were sent. But today, it has become a well-known place for people to take a trip.

The most famous places in Tasmania for people to visit are its national parks. In fact, 37% of Tasmania is made up of parks. Inside the parks, there are beautiful green trees, quiet lakes, and high waterfalls that please the eye as well as the mind. Next to Tasmania is King Island. This small island is famous for its milk, butter, and hand-made cheese. It is said that people will never forget these special tastes once they have given them a try. With their beautiful parks and great food, Tasmania and King Island are great places to visit.

state 州 triangular 呈三角形 criminal 罪犯 waterfall 瀑布

11. Look at the map. Where might Tasmania be?

- A. D
- B. C
- C. B
- D. A



12. Which is NOT true about the reading?

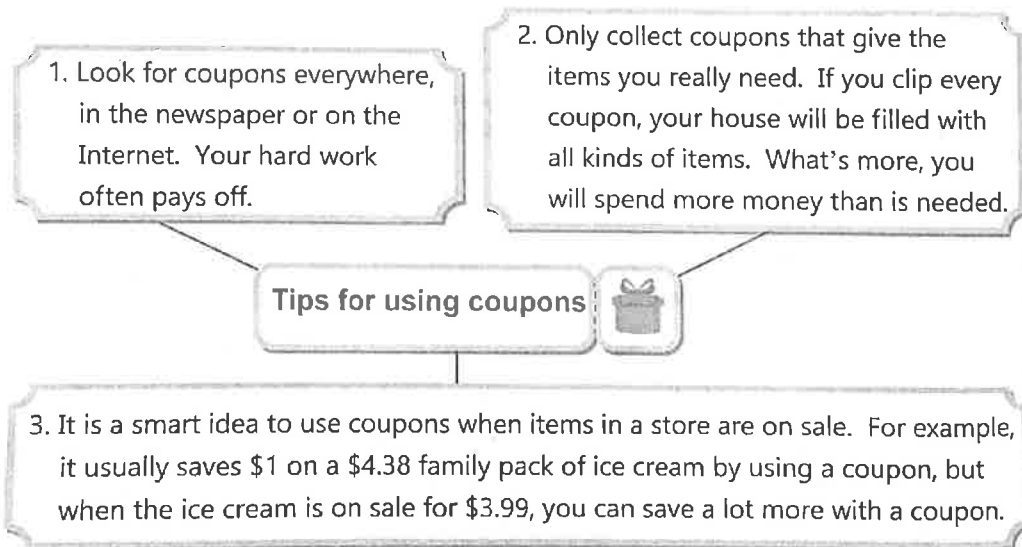
- A. Tasmania is an island and a state.
- B. King Island is the home to some great food.
- C. King Island is famous for its lakes.
- D. Tasmania has beautiful trees.

E.(13~15)

What do you usually do with coupons? Throw them away? Or make good use of them to save money?

Studies show that if a shopper is in the habit of using coupons, he or she can save about US\$30 to US\$50 a week. However, many people refrain from using coupons because they are afraid that the practice will make them look cheap or that other people might think they are poor.

Helen Smith, a savvy shopper, says that by using coupons, she can save up to 30% to 35% on her grocery bill every time she goes shopping. The following are some useful tips she shares.



What do you think of Smith's tips for using coupons? Why not give it a try?  
Start small and save big money in the long run.

savvy 精明的      grocery 食品雜貨

13. What is the purpose of the reading?
  - A. To point out that it is wise to use coupons.
  - B. To give examples of saving money.
  - C. To show ways to get coupons.
  - D. To show how coupons work for business.
14. Which is NOT said about coupons in the reading?
  - A. Where to get them.
  - B. What many people think of them.
  - C. How much each coupon can save at most.
  - D. Why you should think twice before clipping a coupon.
15. What idea may Helen Smith agree with?
  - A. The more coupons you use, the more money you save.
  - B. You can save most by using coupons when a store is having a sale.
  - C. Don't spend too much time looking for coupons.
  - D. Using coupons can save no more than 30% of your grocery bills.

F.(16~17)

Here is the contents page of Susan's book about insects and spiders.

<b>Table of Contents</b>	
Chapter 1 What are Insects? -----	p.3
Chapter 2 The Number of Insects-----	p.6
Chapter 3 Insects and Their Nests-----	p.7
Chapter 4 Insects in America-----	p.15
Chapter 5 Insects in Europe -----	p.36
Chapter 6 Insects in Asia -----	p.58
Chapter 7 Insects and People-----	p.77
Chapter 8 Spiders -----	p.90

16. Susan is reading the following part of the book:

...They live in trees and have U-shaped nests. Also, all kinds of spiders like to eat insects. They can grow to sizes between 3 to 20 cm. Larger ones have even been known to catch fish in river as their food...

Which chapter is Susan reading now?

- A. Chapter 3.
  - B. Chapter 4.
  - C. Chapter 7.
  - D. Chapter 8.
17. What may Susan learn about in Chapter 1?
- A. What spiders really are.
  - B. The sizes of insects.
  - C. Insects that can be found in Europe.
  - D. Insects that bite people.

G. (18~20)

When you walk into Amazon Go, you won't see any cashiers at all. And you won't see people waiting in a long line in front of the checkouts. What catches your eye is that people pick up what they want and then just walk out of the store. They don't even need to take out their wallets. How could this be possible?

Well, this is a bold experiment that Amazon is doing. This modern kind of store is called Amazon Go. When people arrive at Amazon Go, they can use the free Amazon Go app on their smartphones to enter the store. Once they are in the store, there are a lot of cameras tracking them. This way, the computers in the store will know who the people are, record what they buy, and count how much they should pay. When people finish shopping, they can go out of the store straight away, and their Amazon accounts will automatically be charged. They don't even have to take out or show their smartphones again. It's really convenient.

At first, Amazon Go was only open to Amazon workers, but now it's open to the public as well. The store sells bread, milk, coffee beans, cheese, and convenience store goods, like snacks, candy, and drinks. People can also buy prepared meals for breakfast, lunch, and dinner made by the workers in an open kitchen in the store. What's better, almost all things sold at Amazon Go are a little cheaper than those in other stores. However, though everything about Amazon Go sounds excellent now, there are still a few problems. Amazon Go, for example, can only hold 97 people in the store at one time, or the computers won't be able to track more at the same time. Anyway, Amazon Go really changes the way people shop. And Amazon is thinking about opening as many as 3,000 Amazon Go stores across the USA by the year of 2021.



cashier 收銀員 checkout 結帳櫃檯 track 追蹤  
account 帳戶 automatically 自動地 charge 收

18. What is the reading mostly about?

- A. How Amazon Go is different from other stores.
- B. Where people can find Amazon Go and go shopping in it.
- C. Who first came up with the idea of setting up Amazon Go.
- D. Why Amazon workers enjoy shopping at Amazon Go so much.

19. What can we know from the reading?

- A. There are not any people working in the Amazon Go store.
- B. Building a new Amazon Go store will become more and more expensive.
- C. Amazon Go is popular with teenagers and young people.
- D. There may be more Amazon Go stores in the USA in the future.

20. Below are four people talking about their experiences of shopping at Amazon Go.

Which one is NOT true?

- A. Andy: "When I got there, I needed to use the Amazon Go app to enter the store."
- B. Patrick: "I went there with my brother, Hank, yesterday. It was wonderful! We spent about twenty minutes there picking up many things. At last, it took us another twenty minutes to wait in the checkout line."
- C. Nancy: "When I was in the store, I found there were no cashiers inside. At first I thought it was strange because I had never been in such a store before. But for a while, I found it quite nice to enjoy shopping there."
- D. John: "There were so many things to choose from. The prices of most things there are a little lower than those in other stores. When I finished my shopping, I just got out of the store and didn't have to take out my wallet. How convenient!"

Class:

No.:

Name:

I. Vocabulary 20% 每題 2 分

1. enter	2. safety	3. medium	4. strength	5. balcony
6. local	7. strings	8. error	9. racket	10. products

II. Choice 40% 每題 2 分

1. B	2. D	3. B	4. B	5. C	6. D	7. C	8. A	9. B	10. D
11. C	12. C	13. D	14. B	15. A	16. B	17. A	18. D	19. C	20. B

III. 依提示作答 20% 每題 4 分

1. Joan never drinks tea in the morning, and her sister doesn't, either.
2. Not only Nick but also I am a writer.
3. The food in this restaurant is so delicious that we can miss it.
4. TSMC makes a lot of high-quality microchips used in many electronic devices.
5. Please replace the old appliances with new ones.

IV. 題組 20% 每題 1 分

1. A	2. B	3. A	4. D	5. B	6. D	7. B	8. D	9. B	10. D
11. A	12. C	13. A	14. C	15. B	16. D	17. B	18. A	19. D	20. B